

RUSSIAN OFFICIALS ARE DOOMED MEN

Plot to Assassinate Trepoff and Other Officers Connected With Court--Peasants Continue to Destroy Property.

(Associated Press.)
St. Petersburg, July 18.—The assassin of Gen. Kozlov, of the headquarters staff, who was murdered in the English park at Peterhof on Saturday last, has been identified as a Lett, belonging to an organization, the members of which have sworn to kill Gen. Trepoff, Gen. Platonov and 13 other persons intimately connected with the court.

The assassin was chosen by lot.

Members Preach Revolution.

St. Petersburg, July 18.—The political barometer is again falling. The confusion which seems to have taken possession of the upper sphere since the efforts to form a coalition ministry failed, coupled with the alarming reports from the interior and the attitude of parliament, make almost anything possible. There has been a marked renewal of apprehension that the crisis may end in a coup d'etat against parliament.

The assassinations of Vice-Admiral Chouknin and Gen. Kozlov, the discovery that behind the murder of the general was

A Big Plot

to kill not only Gen. Trepoff, but Prince Putnik and other courtiers, and the general epidemic of assassination which has terrorized not only the local authorities, but even the police, together with the wild destruction of property by the peasantry in half-a-dozen provinces during the last few days, have again strengthened the small part of the court which believes in resorting to "extreme measures."

The adoption by the lower house of parliament of an address to the country will, it is feared, place in the

Hands of the Reactionists

the needed lever to move His Majesty, M. Petralski vainly warned the lower house yesterday of the seriousness of the proposed step, but the majority of the Constitutional Democrats, of which party he is a prominent member, seem to be convinced that they must hold the peasant at all hazards. The members of the extreme left seem to court a fight, preaching open revolution from the rostrum.

The Novoe Vremya, which often states the views of the court, says to-

HIS MAJESTY UNABLE TO VISIT CANADA

The King Regrets That He Cannot Accept Invitation--Text of Message.

Ottawa, July 17.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra are unable to accept the invitation to visit Canada, presented by the Senate and the House of Commons. His Majesty's reply to the address, which appears in an extra of the Canada Gazette, follows:

Downing Street,
7th July, 1906.

My Lord.—As requested in Your Majesty's dispatch of 25th May, I have submitted to His Majesty the joint address to the King from the Senate and House of Commons, expressing their loyalty and devotion to His Majesty, and praying that His Majesty and Her Majesty the Queen will be graciously pleased to visit the Dominion.

His Majesty has been pleased to receive the address very graciously. I need scarcely remind Your Majesty of two circumstances which must not be overlooked in consideration of these proposals. In the first place, the current business of empire, which is continuous and incessant, imposes a heavy tax on the time and strength of its sovereign, and it is well known that the absence of His Majesty from this country for any length of time is difficult, if not impossible, except under very definite limitations and restrictions, even when considerations of health and need for comparative rest are taken into account.

In the second place, it must be remembered that there are practically no limits, within the habitable globe, to the distances which must be traveled to reach all parts of the British Empire, and that it would be difficult for the King to visit one important part of his dominions and decline to visit another.

It was no doubt these two facts which influenced her late Majesty Queen Victoria, with wise foresight, to determine that her eldest son should, in his youth, visit the various colonies and possessions of the empire of which he was one day to become ruler; and accordingly His Majesty, while Prince of Wales, paid a visit to

day that the adoption by the lower house of

An Address to the Country

would go beyond the jurisdiction of parliament, and virtually constitute from the government to the people. The paper adds: "With its adoption parliament would cross the Rubicon, abandon its professed policy of trying to restrain the country, and instead of pacifying, deliberately pour oil on the flames."

Dispatches from the interior continue to tell without interruption stories of burning of many houses, robberies, murders, collisions between peasants and rural guards, and the hurried dispatch of troops here and there. The centre of

The Peasant Uprising

is Vorneah province, where the peasants, in the mania for the destruction of property, do not discriminate between friends and enemies, as evidenced by the complete devastation of the estate of M. Koleshina, one of the most prominent Constitutional Democrats in the lower house.

To-day's reports describe the situation in that province as "hopeless" from the standpoint of the landlords. The situation is almost as bad in Poltava and Smolensk provinces. In the Tarnopol province eighty peasants are said to have been killed or wounded by dragons.

Revolutionary Outrages.

St. Petersburg, July 17.—The daily budget of revolutionary outrages and agrarian disorders is larger than usual to-day.

At Natschakino, in Samarsk province, the town hall was set on fire yesterday and the entire village, consisting of 300 houses, was consumed.

Throughout Poland systematic pillaging of government spirit shops is in progress. The central police office at Warsaw was robbed yesterday and a gendarme was shot.

At Lublin, Russian Poland, revolutionists yesterday executed a workman who was suspected of being a spy, and at Nizhni Novgorod and Vassnik the cashiers of the spirit monopoly were robbed and killed. The bank at Sosnits, in the province of Sonitsa, was robbed yesterday, and at Tiflis an Armenian locomotive engineer was shot in his cab by an assassin concealed in the neighboring woods.

Workmen at Rostoff, in the province of Yaroslavl, killed an alleged government provocateur at Piliamorsk.

A Tartar woman who was being taken to the Orthodox church was murdered, and at Yaroslavl bombs were exploded at the residences of the chief of police and at offices of the gendarmes.

Canada, to which reference is made in this address.

Following the same couplets, the members of the Royal Family have been visiting in visiting even the most distant parts of the Empire, and have always been received as the representative of His Majesty with the utmost tenderness and loyalty.

I am commanded by His Majesty to make mention of these considerations because he would wish his loyal subjects in Canada, and especially the Senate and House of Commons, to understand that he is deeply touched and gratified by the terms of their address, and by the desire expressed that with Her Majesty the Queen he should again visit the Dominion. His Majesty retains a vivid recollection, even after the lapse of many years, of his former visit, of the beauties and interest of the country, and of the enthusiasm and loyalty which everywhere greeted him. He is well aware that it would be difficult to recognize the future of Canada. He then learned to know the great Dominion, whose rapid growth in all that contributes to the development and prosperity of a nation has been astonishing, and no greater triumph could be offered to the head of any empire than to be himself a witness of a progress so remarkable.

In spite, however, of the many and strong inducements which prompt him to gratify the loyal wishes of his Canadian subjects, I am to say that the King feels unable at present to entertain the idea of a journey to Canada, whereby the difficulties suggested in an early portion of this dispatch, and others which I need not particularly mention, could be overcome, and which it is premature to discuss now; but His Majesty desires that Your Majesty should make it known to all that he is prevented by the necessities of his position and not by any lack of appreciation of the loyalty and devotion of the people of Canada to his throne and person.

I have, etc.

(Signed) ELGIN.

In these days of increasing use of concrete for building purposes, it is interesting to recall the fact that the Pantheon, in Rome, about 2,600 years old, is covered by a dome over 142 feet in diameter, which is cast in concrete in one solid mass.

Gems in the diadem of the Russian Empress are worth \$400,000. They comprise 2,236 diamonds and a massive ruby.

THE MITCHELL TRAGEDY.

Ether Mitchell and Mrs. Creffield Examined Daily as to Mental Condition.

Seattle, July 17.—Ether Mitchell and Mrs. Creffield are being examined daily by Dr. J. B. Loughery, who calls in one or more consulting physicians to act as advisers in an effort to determine the mental condition of the women who are responsible for the death of George Mitchell. These examinations are being made at the request of Prosecuting Attorney Mackintosh, and the reports made by the physicians are being kept secret. It is stated, however, by Mr. Mackintosh that no complete report has been made so far, and it is probable that the examinations will be kept up for some little time. The women so conduct themselves as to make the determination of their mental condition a baffling proposition.

Ether Mitchell and Mrs. Maud Creffield were jointly charged with murder in the first degree to-day by information filed direct in the superior court by Prosecuting Attorney Mackintosh. A single information covers the charge against each of the women, but this does not mean that they must stand trial together, for "if each woman may demand a separate trial, this is not likely, however, unless whoever is employed as attorney insists, for the women have by confessions to the authorities admitted that each is equally guilty with the other."

Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Miller yesterday received a letter from O. V. Hurt, father of Mrs. Creffield. He stated that he cannot forget that it is his daughter who is now in trouble and says he feels duty bound to come to her assistance. Speaking of Ether Mitchell, Mr. Hurt states that she has no friends or relatives who will come to her aid and that as he believes her to be demented he will assist her as well as his daughter.

Mr. Hurt has also written to his daughter promising that he will aid her in her present trouble. The woman read this letter with a little show of emotion as she has treated every event connected with her arrest.

PROSPECTS FOR RECORD HARVEST

ESTIMATES OF THIS YEAR'S WHEAT YIELD

Since Fine Seed Was Planted the Weather Has Been Ideal for the Grain.

(Special to the Times.)

Winnipeg, July 18.—During the next few days harvesting the wheat crop of the Canadian Northwest will begin, although cutting will not be general before the end of the month. Never before in the history of the country have conditions been more ideal and carefully compiled reports from various portions of the wheat belt have led to a number of estimates which range from 110,000,000 to 150,000,000 bushels of wheat.

From the day the seed was planted the weather could not have been more suitable for heavy crops even had the farmers ordered the weather themselves. Dry weather for the seedling was followed by warm rains and hot days while the seed was maturing and since then the rain has fallen in plenty during the nights while the days have been excessively hot until the crops have grown as though they were in some huge boiler. In some localities the wheat has already begun to color and is exceptionally heavy and strong.

Last year a field that threshed 60 bushels to the acre was an exception, but this year such fields will be plentiful and the general average of the Canadian West will be over 25 bushels to the acre. In certain districts cut worms have appeared, but the damage done is so slight that it will not amount to more than one per cent in the worst cases.

C. E. McPherson, of the C. P. R., states that according to agents' reports over a million acres of breaking has been done this summer already so the acreage under crop next year will be double that of 1905.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

United States Navy Is Establishing Number of Stations on the Pacific.

(Associated Press.)

Washington, D. C., July 18.—Soon the United States navy will have the Pacific coast equipped with the wireless telegraph system. Stations have been completed and equipped at San Diego, Ariz., Pahrump, and Mare Island. Pahrump is just outside of San Francisco harbor, and the station was located there as much as possible from one station to the other. Stations are now being constructed at Table Bluff, Cape Blanco, North Head and Cape Flattery. Any ship sailing along the Pacific Coast and equipped with wireless will be able to communicate with the land at all times from the northern to the southern boundary of the country.

PROFESSOR BAER DEAD.

Baltimore, Md., July 18.—Judge T. S. Baer, of the Supreme court of Baltimore and professor of law in the university of Maryland, died at his home to-day. He was 63 years of age.

BIGGEST PICNIC IN CITY'S HISTORY

THOUSANDS EXPECTED AT MERCHANTS OUTING

Favorable Reports Submitted at Committee Meeting Last Evening--Programme of Sports.

A largely attended meeting of the committee in charge of the forthcoming merchants' picnic was held last evening at the city hall with Alex. Peden as the chairman. Reports were received from the various sub-committees, all of which showed that the arrangements are well in hand and that the outing, which will take place on Thursday, the 25th inst., promises to be the best of the kind that has yet been held in Victoria. It was reported that an attendance of some three thousand people or thereabouts was expected and that for this reason it was found necessary to provide for the rush by arranging for additional transportation facilities.

A grand tombola will be one of the most interesting features. Over three hundred prizes are being offered and a list is in course of preparation for publication. The programme committee in their report announced that the list of events was complete. Awards had been apportioned and there was every indication that there would be no lack of entries for the various competitions.

Girls under 8-1st, candy, donated by M. R. Smith & Co., value \$1; 2nd, candy, donated by J. B. Loughery, value \$1; 3rd, candy, donated by M. R. Smith & Co., value \$1.

Boys under 9-1st, baseball mit, donated by Pichen & Lonsfey, value \$1; 2nd, baseball mit, donated by W. Wilby, value \$1; 3rd, baseball, donated by the committee, value \$1; 4th, baseball bat, donated by the committee, value \$1.

Girls under 12-1st, tickets, donated by New Grand theatre, value \$1; 2nd, goods, donated by G. A. Richardson & Co., value \$1; 3rd, belt and buckle, donated by A. Clayton, value \$1; 4th, candy, donated by M. R. Smith & Co., value \$1.

Boys under 12-1st, baseball mit, donated by J. B. Loughery, value \$1; 2nd, baseball mit, donated by the committee, value \$1; 3rd, baseball mit, donated by the committee, value \$1; 4th, baseball bat, donated by the committee, value \$1.

Pat Ladies' Race-1st, goods, donated by Saunders Grocery Co., value \$1; 2nd, fruit jars, donated by Watson & McGregor, value \$1; 3rd, goods, donated by Fullerton & Co., value \$1.

Three-legged race-1st, two bags flour, donated by Ogilvie-Milling Co., value \$1; 2nd, order for shoes, donated by F. Maynard & Co., value \$1; 3rd, flour, donated by W. Acton, value \$1; 4th, coal oil, donated by D. Spragg, value \$1.

Married Ladies' Race-1st, tea tray, donated by Geo. Carter & Co., value \$1; 2nd, crockery, donated by Geo. Fowler, value \$1; 3rd, satchel, donated by W. Duncan, value \$1.

Pat Men's Race-1st, whiskey, donated by R. P. Rithet & Co., value \$1; 2nd, goods, donated by Nicholas & Renouf, value \$1; 3rd, goods, donated by L. Dickenson, value \$1.

Young Ladies' Race-1st, pocket brooch, donated by J. B. Loughery, value \$1; 2nd, goods, donated by R. C. Saddler, value \$1; 3rd, handbag, donated by M. & A. Fox, value \$1; 4th, candy, donated by J. B. Loughery, value \$1.

Blacksmiths' Race-1st, gold medal, donated by Chalmers & Mitchell; 2nd, goods, donated by W. Fraser & Co., value \$1; 3rd, handbag, donated by Armory Co., value \$1; 4th, pipe, donated by P. Richardson, value \$1.

Grocers' Race-1st, gold medal, donated by Wilson Bros.; 2nd, chair, donated by Weller Bros.; value \$1; 3rd, cord wood, donated by G. Burt; value \$1; 4th, hat, donated by Finch & Finch, value \$1.

Butchers' Race-1st, gold medal, donated by Royal Bank of Canada; 2nd, knife and steel, donated by Brocht Butcher Supply Co., value \$1; 3rd, bicycle saddle, donated by Harris & Moore, value \$1; 4th, hat, donated by Scott & Peden, value \$1.

Bakers' Race-1st, gold medal, donated by R. Baker & Sons; 2nd, umbrella, donated by J. Peden & Co., value \$1; 3rd, fancy vest, donated by Ely-Reform Wardrobe, value \$1; 4th, supplies, donated by Pope Stationery Co., value \$1.

Shoemen, Stationery and Music Employees-1st, gold medal, donated by T. N. Hibben & Co.; 2nd, claret, donated by Radiger & Janion, value \$1; 3rd, meat, donated by L. Goodacre & Sons, value \$1; 4th, goods, donated by Capital Barber Shop, value \$1.

Furniture Employees-1st, gold medal, donated by Geo. E. Munro; 2nd, goods, donated by J. B. Loughery, value \$1; 3rd, fountain pen, value \$1; 4th, goods, donated by Brown & Cooper, value \$1.

Wholesalers' Race-1st, gold medal, donated by West End Grocery; 2nd, goods, donated by J. B. Loughery, value \$1; 3rd, goods, donated by Hamilton Powder Co., value \$1; 4th, meat, donated by R. Porter & Son, value \$1.

200 Yards, Retail Clerks-1st, cup, donated by Brackman-Ker Co., to be won three years; 2nd, ham, value \$3.50; 3rd, goods, donated by McDonald & Cathcart, value \$2.

100 Yards-1st, watch, donated by St. Charles Cream Co., value \$15; 2nd, goods, donated by Victoria Book & Stationery Co., value \$5; 3rd, tea, donated by W. O. Wallace, value \$2.50.

Plumbers and Hardware Employees-1st, gold medal, donated by Hickman Tye & Co.; 2nd, automobile, donated by M. W. Waitt & Co., value \$50; 3rd, hearth rug,

donated by Smith & Champion, value \$4; 4th, tea, donated by Scott & Peden, value \$2.50.

200 Yards, Grocery Clerks-1st, silver cup, donated by Wilson Bros., to be won three years; 2nd, ham, donated by Armour & Co., value \$3.50; 3rd, goods, donated by J. H. Baker, value \$2.

Dry Goods, Tailors and Gen's Furnishings-1st, gold medal, donated by E. C. Land; 2nd, umbrella, donated by H. Young & Co., value \$6; 3rd, lantern, donated by P. McQuade & Co., value \$4.50; 4th, tea set, donated by J. A. McDonald & Co., value \$2.50.

Other Trades-1st, gold medal, donated by Pither & Leiser; 2nd, fish rod, donated by Peden Bros., value \$6; 3rd, buggy rug, donated by A. Shotbolt, value \$1; 4th, glassware, donated by Johns Bros., value \$2.

100 Yards, Boys under 21-1st, cup, donated by Hudson's Bay Co.; 2nd, goods, donated by Cudahy Packing Co., value \$5; 3rd, goods, donated by S. Shore, value \$3.50.

Painters and Cigar Makers-1st, gold medal, donated by P. H. Stewart & Co.; 2nd, ham, donated by Armour & Co., value \$6; 3rd, starch, donated by St. Lawrence Starch Co., value \$3.50; 4th, tea, donated by J. W. Speed, value \$2.

Other matters of detail came up for consideration and were disposed of promptly, businesslike way, after which the meeting adjourned.

FRISCO RELIEF WORK.

Dr. Devine Will Resign Chairmanship of Committee on August 1st.

(Associated Press.)

San Francisco, July 18.—Dr. E. T. Devine announced yesterday that he would leave the city for the east on August 1st, and that he would resign from the chairmanship of the relief committee, the rehabilitation committee at that time.

"I shall have to be in New York on September 1st," he said, "to take up my work in Columbia college, and with the New York Associated Charities, and although San Francisco is the most interesting place in the world for me at the present time, I feel that it is as well for me to go."

LABOR TROUBLES IN EAST AND WEST

'FRISCO STREET CARS MAY BE TIED UP

Threatened Strike Among Fifty Thousand Members of Building Trades in New York.

(Associated Press.)

San Francisco, July 18.—The members of the Electrical Workers' Union, who are in the employ of the United railroads, decided this morning to go on strike after receiving an ultimatum from the company in reply to their demand that while willing to grant an increase of wages from \$3.50 to \$3.75 for ten hours' work, it would not grant the eight-hour day.

It is possible that the street car system will be tied up if the strike is made effective. The power houses cannot operate without shop men.

The United railroads announced that they would fill the strikers' places with non-union men.

Threaten to Strike.

New York, July 18.—According to the world an ultimatum embodying a threat to order a general strike among more than 50,000 members of the building trades was delivered yesterday by the Associated Building Trades to employers in this city. On the receipt of the ultimatum the Master Plumbers' Association, which is the employers' organization, called a conference in Terrace Garden. The association states that 800 strike breakers have been secured, and are now on their way to New York.

The situation developed yesterday from a strike among 1,500 plumbers, members of local No. 2, which began about two weeks ago.

LARGE LAND DEAL.

Belgian Syndicate Has Purchased 160,000 Acres in the Northwest.

(Special to the Times.)

Winnipeg, July 18.—Another large land deal has just been made in the Canadian Northwest whereby a syndicate of Belgian capitalists bought 160,000 acres of land from a land company but recently formed. The price paid was nine dollars per acre, so the deal amounts to about \$1,500,000 which sum has already been paid over in cash. The syndicate is expected to be bringing out a number of Belgian families from the old country and dispose of the land to them in small farms and when all the land is disposed of other men composing the syndicate are amongst the wealthiest capitalists in Belgium.

REVOLUTIONARY STEAMER.

Has Been Turned Over to the Salvadoran Government.

(Associated Press.)

Acapulco, Salvador, July 18.—The steamer Empire, owned and operated by the revolutionists in Guatemala, arrived here from Corinto yesterday. It was formally turned over to the Salvadoran government. The latter will arm the vessel and use it as a submersible in the west coast operations.

TWO NEW MILLS FOR WEST COAST

NOOTKA SOUND TIMBER WILL SHORTLY BE CUT

High Price of Shingles Causes Seattle and Vancouver Companies to Enlarge Business.

The erection of two large shingle mills in the vicinity of Nootka Sound will shortly be commenced. In this district some of the finest cedar in the world is to be found, averaging 100 feet to the acre, and the new mills will cut that timber exclusively.

Two sets of limits have been taken up. The Nootka Lumber and Trading Co., whose new mill at Mosquito Harbor is nearing completion, holds one set in three separate groups, and it is understood will build another mill at Friendly Cove. This company is now controlled by McKean Brothers of Seattle, and though plans have not yet been completed, the capacity of the Friendly Cove enterprise will be at least 1,000,000 feet per diem. An area of 2,400 acres is included in the limits mentioned. The land was carefully cruised before application was made for licenses, and contains the best timber in the Pacific Northwest. The company on deer water, and the location is an ideal one for over sea shipment.

J. G. Scott, of Vancouver, has purchased for the Pacific Coast Lumber Co., the other group mentioned. It consists of 7,700 acres, running along the east fork of Gold river, that flows into Guanaqua Arm. These were held for many years by the old Sayward Timber Co., and are said to be extremely valuable. The Pacific Coast Co. has a big mill on Burrard Inlet, the output of which was 21,735,000 feet last year, and a new mill will be built to cut the timber on the land recently purchased. Its location will most likely be near the end of Guanaqua Arm, but it is possible a site on Bligh Island may be selected.

Both mills will use most of the timber for manufacturing shingles. The extremely high prices ruling at present make possible a good profit, and there is a tremendous demand throughout the prairie provinces. Prices are much higher than the east coast. Locally the figure is \$2.75 per thousand, with a 10 per cent. reduction on monthly accounts, while even since the strike shingles on the other side of the Gulf have not received nearly as large a price for their output. Cleared are now \$2.50 and Stave \$1.50 in the state of Washington, and many complaints are made at the largeness of even these quotations. With a margin of nearly 10 per cent. in favor of Vancouver Island manufacturers, and the added facilities of deep water transportation, it is easy to understand the activity apparent on the West Coast.

PACKERS ELECT OFFICERS.

Annual Meeting of British Columbia Association Held in Vancouver—Salmon Run On.

The B. C. Packers' Association held its annual meeting in Vancouver on Monday, the president, Campbell Sweeney, manager of the Bank of Montreal, in the city mentioned, occupying the chair. A handsome profit was shown for last season and the various reports approved of. So satisfactory has been the conduct of the association's business that the full board of directors and officials were nominated for reelection at the meeting to be held on August 5th.

On Saturday afternoon the secretary of the association, W. D. Burdiss, of Vancouver, broke his left ankle by slipping on the sidewalk near the post office. As this is the rush season among canners he has decided to make his business office a temporary home and will remain there for the two or three months necessary to recover from his injuries.

There is a great dearth of Chinese labor in the Fraser river canneries. As mentioned previously in the Times very high wages have been demanded, reaching up to \$85 per month, but even at this figure there is a great want for more assistance apparent.

Several good catches were made recently at some of the coast canneries. Up to the end of last week the River's Inlet company had put up 30,000 cases of salmon and an average of 80 fish to the boat has been maintained.

The run of sockeye on the Fraser river has commenced in earnest. On Sunday night most boats were credited with at least 50 white one lucky fisherman lifted 90 salmon on the wharf. In English bay and adjacent waters fish are more plentiful than usual during the season. As the season advances, however, the number of the boats brought in over 400 during last week, while many others had more than half that number.

LADY CURZON.

Her Condition To-Day Is Unchanged—Illness Severe, But Not Dangerous.

(Associated Press.)

London, July 18.—The condition of Lady Curzon of Kedleston, who has been ill for some days, is about the same to-day. Her illness, while severe, is not dangerous. She has been in bed for ten days. Lady Curzon appears to have never quite recovered from her serious illness at Walsingham, county Kent, in 1904, and the recent hot weather brought on a pronounced attack of general debility.

RETURNED WITH A SICK CAPTAIN

THE SHEARWATER'S UNEXPECTED ARRIVAL

Chicago and Boston of the U. S. Fleet are Visiting Esquimaux To-Day.

H. M. S. Shearwater, which left here en route to Behring Sea a week or so ago to there enter upon patrol duty as soon as the sailing season opens at the beginning of August, returned to Esquimaux this morning, creating no small surprise. On inquiry the Times was informed that Capt. Hunt is quite ill, and was unable to continue the voyage north. He will enter the hospital and will remain in port till the 22nd. There is no understanding that the ship will then resume her voyage, although how this will be arranged is not announced. The ship had gotten as far as Comox.

Coinciding with the arrival of the Shearwater this morning the U. S. cruiser Chicago, flagship of the Pacific Squadron, accompanied by the cruiser Boston, dropped anchor in Esquimaux. They have come only for the day, being en route south from the Sound, and will proceed on the voyage this evening. The ships arrived about 8 o'clock and as they entered the harbor were saluted by the customary discharge of 21 guns. Neither the Chicago or Boston are strangers to this port. There are here many friends of the officers who are always delighted at seeing ships visit Victoria.

The Chicago is a first class cruiser of 5,272 tons displacement, 325 feet long, 45 1/2 feet beam, 22 1/2 feet draught, 9,000 horse-power. Her keel was laid in Chester in 1885, and four years later the ship was completed at a cost of \$1,812,751. The armament consists of four 8-inch guns, fourteen 5-inch, nine 6-pounders and two maxims guns. The ship's speed is 18 knots; her normal coal carrying capacity is 831 tons, and her complement of men 400.

The Boston is not so large. Her displacement is 3,000 tons, her length 271 1/2, her beam 42 feet and her draught 20 1/2, her horse-power 4,000. Her keel was laid in Chester in 1884. She was completed in 1887 at a cost of \$1,271,194. She carries two 8-inch, six 6-inch, six 4-pounders and two maxims guns. Her speed is 16 knots; her normal coal capacity 380 tons and her complement of men 282.

The Nebraska, the new battleship of the United States navy, built at Seattle, made her standardization trip on Monday.

During the thirteen trial runs over the measured mile course off Vashon Island, she developed an average speed of 19.237 knots an hour, which is exceeded by the Georgia, the fastest battleship in the navy, by only .02 knots, says the Post-Intelligencer. The average made by the New Jersey, another sister vessel to the Nebraska and Georgia, is 19.20 knots, leaving the local built ship the second in the navy in point of speed.

The fastest single run

JUST ARRIVED



We have added a new and up-to-date line of Colored Rimless Glasses to our large stock of sundries. Call and procure a pair at 50 cents. Scenery Glasses for tourists, 75 cents.

Campbell's Prescription Store

Corner Douglas and Fort Streets.

FREE ENTERTAINMENT

—AT—

Gorge Park

MOVING PICTURES AND ORCHESTRA EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK.

Special Car Service Each Day.

B. C. Electric Ry. Co., Ltd.

To meet the demand this hot weather we carry all kinds of

REFRESHING DRINKS,

Such as

Lime Juice, Mineral Water, Lager Beer, Etc., Etc.

Also a good assortment of

Choice English Biscuits and Lunch Cake.

Windsor Grocery Company,

Opposite Post Office.

Government St.

CALL and INSPECT Our NEWLINE

Oak Mantles, Grates, Tiles, and Fire Place Goods, Etc.

These goods are all of the latest and most up-to-date designs. PRICES RIGHT.

Raymond & Sons

7 PANDORA ST.

TEL. 272.

Agents for Vancouver Island Cement, Lime, Plaster, Etc.

MURDERER ENDS
LIFE IN PRISONSTRANGLER HIMSELF WITH
PAIR OF SHOE LACESAgricultural Schools in Ontario—Number
of Spinners in Montreal Mills
Quit Work.

Windsor, July 17.—Eluding the vigilance of a special watch placed on him, C. Spindemann, charged the gallows by hanging himself at Sandwich jail early this morning. His dead body was found by Turney. Her who was on his morning rounds. The murderer had successfully wound a pair of shoe laces around his neck, tied one end to a chain which is attached to his cot and slowly strangled himself.

Toronto, July 17.—The Education Department and Department of Agriculture are jointly arranging a programme which may be regarded as the initial step in the government's policy of a series of agricultural schools throughout the province. In brief, the proposal is the establishment of classes in agriculture in the collegiate institutes of the province, particularly those in essentially agricultural districts. It is thought this can be so arranged that a great deal of primary work now done by the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph can be taken at schools by pupils desiring it, thus relieving the college of pressure, now very great, to that extent. The curriculum of the classes would be uniform. All classes would be affiliated with the college and scholars would matriculate from them to the institution at Guelph, where they would graduate.

C. M. B. Association.
Toronto, July 17.—The Catholic Mutual Benefit Association of Canada was examined before the Insurance Commission today. The order was originally issued by the court in the United States, but in 1892 was incorporated as a Canadian institution. Michael F. Hackett, grand priest and head of the

society said the idea of separating from the American body was that any Canadian who had honestly paid money into the order would not have to go out of the Dominion to get benefits. He explained the system of assessments in vogue, whereupon Mr. Tilley, counsel for the Dominion, intimated that the rates should be increased or praters with regard to members' requirements in order to make the society perfectly solvent, but Mr. Hackett would not admit that the rates were not right.

Senator Vidal III.
Sarnia, July 17.—Senator Vidal, Sr., is very low at his home here. There are no hopes of recovery.

Montreal's Population.
Montreal, July 17.—Lovell's directory for the present year estimates the population of Montreal at 405,000 of which 352,000 reside in the city and 53,000 in the suburbs.

Strike Spreading.
Montreal, July 17.—A number of the spinners of the Montreal mills of the Dominion Textile Co. have gone out on strike in sympathy with the workmen in the Magpie mills. The situation at the latter place remains unchanged. The men refuse to accept the terms offered by the company, which were that spinners should make individual settlements with their respective superintendents. Meetings are being held daily, but so far there has been no disorder.

Plea of Not Guilty.
Toronto, July 17.—T. J. Lennox, architect of the new city hall, was before the police magistrate today on three charges arising out of the recent civic investigation. He pleaded not guilty and elected to be tried summarily.

Victim of Wreck.
Toronto, July 17.—The bodies of the Walter Barwick, 40, and 45-A. Pipe, on who were killed by the railway wreck at Salsbury, England, arrived in the city this morning. The funeral of Mr. Pipe took place this afternoon. The funeral of Mr. Barwick takes place tomorrow.

Nothing Fatalities.
Halifax, July 16.—A tragic drowning occurred on Saturday near St. Ellarton, Pictou county, when Roderick McKenzie, 27 years old, and Lee Fraser, seven years old, lost their lives. McKenzie was bathing with some boys. One of the "youngest" of them was Lee Fraser. McKenzie took a swim in the sea, but on returning, in mid-stream McKenzie either took cramp, or the boy so tightened his grasp round

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

Cleaves and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath. Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

Convenient for tourists.

PREPARED BY

J. H. Lyon, D.D.S.

his neck as to cause the swimmer to sink. Whatever the cause, both sank and were not taken out of the water for 20 minutes, when life was extinct. At Middletown, children were bathing when one of them, daughter of L. S. Shaffer, got in too deep. Mrs. Arbe went to her assistance, but losing her footing and becoming confused, she was drowned. The girl was rescued.

C. P. Herbert Dead.

Montreal, July 17.—After a protracted illness of the last two months from tumor of the liver, Charles P. Herbert passed away at 2 o'clock this morning at the age of seventy-two. Deceased was one of Montreal's oldest and most respected business men, having been identified in commerce since 1860 for nearly sixty years. He was head of the wholesale grocery firm of Hudson, Herbert & Company.

Crucifixion Meet.

Toronto, July 17.—The Grand Council of Orangemen of the World convened in triennial session in Toronto today. Delegates are in attendance from Ireland, Scotland, South Africa and other parts of the world.

Another Seattle Tragedy.
Man Found Near Railway With His Head Crushed In.

Seattle, July 16.—With his head crushed where he had been struck with a blunt instrument, the body of Kristian Jonsson, 40, was found lying in the sand between the tracks behind Carsten's packing house yesterday afternoon by an employee of the Northern Pacific. The police and Coroner Carroll are investigating the case. The body was found lying on its back, the head resting in a pool of blood, and one foot extended across the rail beneath a gravel car. A few feet away lay a brick covered with blood, and a large chunk of cement, also showing bloodstains, was discovered. The police believe Jonsson was killed by being struck with a piece of brick.

Johnson had lived in Vancouver for more than a month. He was employed by T. J. Roberts, proprietor of the Grand hotel. He was a carpenter by trade, and was 29 years old. His mother, Mrs. H. H. Johnson, 51, was reported to be wealthy, and Johnson was to have returned to Vancouver within the next few days to invest a large sum of money which was to have been sent him.

CROPS IN RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, July 17.—The government crop report shows continued deterioration in the Volga provinces, and five partial or total failures of the crops has extended in the Tambov, Saratov, Penza and Nizhny-Novgorod districts, and in some of the districts of the Don, where the rains came too late to save the crops. An abundant yield, however, is assured in the west and southwestern provinces, although considerable isolated damage has been done by hailstorms.

BRITISH NAVAL ESTIMATES.

London Paper Says Cabinet Has Decided to Resume Action Making Resolutions.

London, July 17.—The Daily Express says it understands the cabinet has decided to resume its action cutting down the naval estimates and to build two battleships of the Dreadnaught class.

THINGS EVERY WOMAN SHOULD KNOW.

First, that prevention is better than cure. That acute pain means inflammation and calls for immediate treatment. That every household should have a remedy like Nerville, which has power to subdue inflammation and destroy pain at once.

Just a few drops required for earache, for toothache, or prolampliation is sufficient. Neuralgia and rheumatism flee as before fire. Lumbago and Sciatica like other muscular pains are cured by a few rubbings.

No liniment so clean, so strong and comforting as Polson's Nerville; try 25c bottle.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

F. H. Day, of Philadelphia, was chairman of Tuesday's session of the seventh international congress of architects in London. Papers were read by E. T. Goodrich, of Brooklyn, and P. B. Wright, of Chicago. The delegates spent the afternoon in sightseeing.

The British House of Commons on Tuesday night passed that part of the Education Bill which provides for the education department in Wales with an amendment creating a new minister as the political head of the department.

Lord Curzon of Kedleston has been seriously ill for some days, and the latest bulletin says his condition shows no improvement. Lord Curzon has postponed his departure for India, but the dinner to be given in his honor by the Constitutional Club next Thursday night.

Sitting on the steamer Ciruela from New York on Tuesday was a party of sixty prominent Irish-American residents of Chicago, who purpose to spend the next three months in Ireland investigating the true condition of that country and the opportunities it offers for the investment of American capital.

Dried currants form excellent food for horses, and give them great strength and endurance.

SOCIALISTS MEET.
General Congress of Inter-Parliamentary Committee in London.

London, July 17.—The general congress of the Socialist inter-parliamentary committee opened here today under the presidency of James Keir Hardie, the Socialist member of parliament and chairman of the Independent Labor party.

The first action of the congress was to elect the newspapermen present, a committee opened here today under the presidency of James Keir Hardie, the Socialist member of parliament and chairman of the Independent Labor party.

The European continent was represented by 100 delegates, including several women delegates were in attendance. A resolution was adopted changing the title of the organization to "Socialist and Labor Inter-parliamentary committee."

To-morrow questions in relation to the condition of Russia will be the principal topics.

KANSAS SLAUGHTER HOUSES.
State Board of Health Orders General Cleaning Up.

Topeka, Kan., July 17.—A meat slaughtering house near Wellington, inspected by an officer of the state board of health, has been found to be in such a filthy condition that Dr. J. S. Crumline, secretary of board, has sent notices to the county commissioners to have the place cleaned up, directing them to "examine the slaughter houses in their districts, and if not found to be in a sanitary condition to allow five days for cleaning up as permitted by law. If the order is not complied with in time specified, arrest and prosecution may follow."

It is impossible to describe the actual conditions of the place, said Dr. Crumline. "In my opinion the burning of the house would be the only means of eradicating the disease germs."

The order applies to some of the big packing houses at Kansas City whose plants are located on the Kansas side.

INSURANCE AFFAIRS.

British Agents Are Investigating the Situation at San Francisco.

San Francisco, July 17.—Roger Owen, manager of the Commercial Union Insurance Company, of London, who came here a few days ago with other British agents to investigate the local situation, said today: "We are here investigating facilities to go into the circumstances and merits of all cases. They are not all alike by any means. Of course, the earthquake clause is a stickler. If you ask me personally and individually whether the earthquake clause applies to our losses in San Francisco, I would tell you that it does. But officially we can't speak at this time because we have not all the facts. Of course, if we can prove that fires in the city were caused by earthquake, then we are advised, we are not liable for losses. We expect to be kept several weeks on this decision will be announced by publication as soon as we reach it."

The payment of \$5,000,000 or \$5,000,000 depends upon the decision of the British agents.

TREASURE FOUND.

Box Containing Gold Discovered in Woods Near Port Gibson.

Seattle, July 17.—A special from Port Gibson, Alaska, says a box of gold stored from the steamer "Ria May" has been found in the woods near the outskirts of the town by Northern Commercial Agent W. C. Rodman. It was found intact, nothing missing, and the box unopened.

Superintendent Charles, of the Express Company, had offered \$500 reward for the recovery of the gold on his arrival at Gibson. Many are under suspicion, but no arrests have been made.

DEATHS FROM HEAT.

New York, July 17.—With an official maximum of 87 degrees and temperature nearly 100, New York suffered as severely from the heat to-day as any time this year, and before a refreshing shower in the afternoon brought relief, the streets had perished from the combined heat and excessive humidity, and several scores were prostrated, some of whom may die. The thunder and wind storm of the afternoon was a severe one.

PEACE IN SIGHT.

Death Announced of Revolutionary Leader Who Invaded Guatemala.

Paris, July 17.—The consul of Salvador has communicated a note to the press confirming the announcement of the death of Gen. Ragado, leader of the revolutionary forces which invaded Guatemala, from Salvador, and adding that peace in the port of being arranged through the intervention of President Roosevelt.

ARCTIC EXPLORATION.

Digermoen, Lofoten Isles, Norway, July 17.—The steamer Fridtjof, having on board the Wellman, Chicago Record-Herald Arctic expedition, reached Dances Island July 9th, and found the shore of Virgo bay already dotted with structures, including machine shops ready for work and the material in readiness to begin the construction of the giant balloon house. All the twenty-four members of the expedition are well.

Mr. Wellman hopes to establish wireless communication with Hammerfest before the end of July.

ALFRED BEIT'S FORTUNE.

London, July 17.—Friends of Alfred Beit, the South African financier, state that he left a fortune of \$125,000,000, and expect that when his will is published it will be devoted to public beneficence in England.

IS YOUR COLD BETTER?

No! It's a bad cold, never, nothing seems to help. Why not use the up-to-date specific "Catarrhoxone" which drives out cold in one day. Inhale Catarrhoxone and you will be relieved in two minutes. Continue the treatment and cure is assured. Healing germ destroying and pleasant, nothing for colds and catarrh compared with Catarrhoxone. Sold every where, 25 cts. and \$1.00.

An Absolute Cure For
DYSPEPSIA

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Belching of gas after eating, mean weakness.

By means of its muscles, the stomach should churn the food—changing solids into liquids—mixing in the gastric juice to start digestion.

If the stomach is weak—then food is not properly churned and mixed with enough gastric juice. Then you have indigestion and then dyspepsia.

Fruit-A-Tives

OR "FRUIT LIVER TABLETS"

strengthen the stomach—just as juicy beef and eggs and milk strengthen the weak frame of a patient getting over Typhoid.

FRUIT-A-TIVES contain the elements that give new vigor new energy—to the muscles lining the stomach—stimulate the digestive glands and assure a copious flow of gastric juice for each meal.

More than that, FRUIT-A-TIVES correct the Constipation which usually attends stomach trouble, and by acting directly on kidneys and liver, put the whole system in healthy condition.

FRUIT-A-TIVES are a peculiar combination of fruit juices and tonics that are known all over Canada for their wonderful cures in all stomach, liver and kidney troubles.

50c. a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50. Sent on receipt of price.

If you are dissatisfied, we will handle them.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED, OTTAWA.

RUSSIA'S TWO CAPITALS.

Petersburg and Moscow. Former Has Twelve Palaces.

Russia has two capitals, of almost equal historical and commercial importance. St. Petersburg, Peter the Great's "little window looking upon Europe" and Moscow, the older seat of government and sacred city of the empire.

Moscow is in many respects the most wonderful capital in Europe. The traveler who approaches its magnificent skyline, broken with beautiful spires, towers and gilded domes, for the first time feels that he is at the gateway of Asia. Moscow is distinctly Asiatic, while on the other hand, St. Petersburg "at the window of Europe" has taken on the complexion of the West.

There is in the architecture of its many cathedrals, churches and chapels that Oriental note of ancient Muscovy.

Although each Czar journeys to Moscow to receive the crown and scepter of the Romanoffs at the hands of the head of the Orthodox church, the Metropolitan of Moscow, and although for a season each year the royal family and the court are in residence at the Ancient Capital,

the real seat of government and the metropolis of the empire is St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, founded and built by Peter the Great is not so much an evidence of that monarch's genius as of his indomitable persistence. When, one day in 1703, he took a halbert from one of his soldiers and drawing it through the turf on one of the swampy islands at the mouth of the Neva, said, "Let a city be built here," he was simply tempting Providence. A worse location for his capital could scarce be imagined. The Neva is a shallow stream, excepting in seasons of flood, and empties into the Gulf of Finland, which is also extremely shallow for a body of water of its size. The swamps upon which this daring enterprise was to be given form were completely submerged when a stiff west wind blew over the waters of the gulf.

From every part of Peter's growing empire—Swedish, German, Polish, Dutch, English, French, Italian, Finnish and Russians to deepen the river channels to raise the islands, to drive the millions of piles into the pestilential swamps, Peter had a cosy and comfortable house erected for himself, from which he directed the work. From the windows of this cottage he watched thousands of persons swept down to the sea by the floods, which engaging sight

Made him Merry. Then he took a guinea and found there were twenty-one inches of water covering the floor of his cottage which information also amused him.

From 40,000 to 100,000 men were constantly engaged in the work until the city was above high water. Then paving and building stone was needed, and Peter arranged for this upon an ingenious and inexpensive plan. No vessel, small or large, was permitted to sail up the Neva and no peasant's cart to enter the city without bringing a specified quantity of material. Foreign workmen were imported to build and embellish his city, and in order to give it a permanent population, Peter commanded nobles to come and build dwellings. In order to prosecute the work orders were issued forbidding the erection of stone mansions in other parts of the empire while the new capital was in progress.

Catherine I, the widow of Peter, continued the work of building the city after the Czar's death, but without his vigor or enthusiasm. Her reign was short—only sixteen months—and giving herself up to her own pleasures, she did little to advance

the work. Peter II, that he turned his back upon this Baltic "window" and resided in Moscow until his death. The Empress or Czarina Ann did much to adorn St.

Petersburg and set the precedent for all future Russian monarchs by carrying her court there and making it the true capital. Each Czar or Czarine since her time has added to the permanent works of the city. Catherine II, lined the left bank of the Neva with a granite quay and put her equestrian statue of Peter the Great. Alexander I. began the Cathedral of St. Isaac; Nicholas I. added the great monolith raised to this "Restorer of Peace," and also rebuilt the Winter Palace.

Peter the Great founded the Cathedral of St. Isaac by building on its site a wooden church when his city was in its infancy; he also founded the Nevski Monastery in honor of Russia's imperial warrior, St. Alexander Nevski. It was Peter the Great who laid the foundation stone for the great citadel a part of which is the Cathedral of St. Peter and Paul, and beneath the nave of which are sarcophagi of all the Czars since Peter, excepting Peter II, who died at Moscow. The citadel has always been an infamous State Prison, and it was in one of its apartments that Peter slew with his own right hand his son, Prince Alexis, for daring to request that the Great Czar resign his conquests and renounce his imperialism.

As there is at all times a garrison of 60,000 men in St. Petersburg, the capital has

A Decidedly Military Aspect.

The cosmopolitan character of the city is evinced by the great variety of costumes worn by the civil portions of the populace, made up, as it is, of English, French, Americans, Chinese, Persians, and others. It is not surprising to say nothing of an occasional Central Asian, and the Russian peasant, who is at present in large numbers. The fact that students, professors and others wear uniforms contributes to the military aspect of the city and adds its quota of color.

Among the cities of Europe, St. Petersburg stands second only to Rome in the number of her palaces. They are twelve in number, eight of stone and four of wood. Each has its history. Although the original Winter Palace, constructed for the Empress Elizabeth, required thirty years to build, when it was burned in 1857 the Czar Nicholas I forced the architects and workmen to replace it in a year. It might be interesting in this connection to know that the palace is 435 feet by 355 feet, and is eighty feet high. The Winter Palace is the official residence of the Czar in St. Petersburg.

GIRL AS MALE LOVER.

Engaged to Marry a Woman—Whom She Robbed.

A strange case of fraud by a young woman masquerading as a man was tried at Berne recently, writes the London Mail Geneva correspondent. Salome Lejeune, twenty-nine years of age, became friends with Lina Pauly, a Swiss girl eighteen years old, at Berne in 1902, and learnt that the latter desired to be married. Posing as Dr. Krause, of Strasbourg, who never existed, Lejeune made love and became engaged to her friend by means of correspondence.

With much ingenuity and a clever arrangement for exchanging letters Lejeune kept up her game for four years without arousing suspicion, and managed to obtain all Lina Pauly's little fortune.

A brother of the latter recently heard of the affair, and informed the police. Salome Lejeune was sentenced at Berne to a month's imprisonment, the costs of the trial and expulsion.

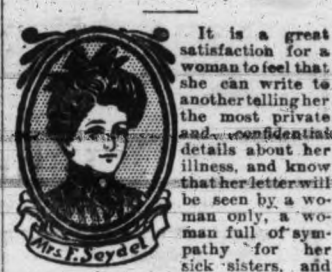
Terribly Tortured—Fairly Parboiled

A letter from a gentleman, well and favorably known, states that for many years he had suffered from excessive sweating of the feet and that they looked as if they were parboiled. Nothing he could get did him any good until he used "Foot Kim," in a very short time his feet became healthy, all bad odors disappeared and to-day his feet are sound and vigorous.

IN STRICT CONFIDENCE.

Women Obtain Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Help.

She Has Guided Thousands to Health.—How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Mrs. Fred Seydel.



It is a great satisfaction for a woman to feel that she can write to another telling her the most private and confidential details about her illness, and know that her letter will be seen by a woman only, a woman full of sympathy for her sick sisters, and above all, a woman who has had more experience in treating female ills than any living person.

Over one hundred thousand cases of female diseases come before Mrs. Pinkham every year, some personally, others by mail, and this has been going on for twenty years, day after day. Surely women are wise in seeking advice from a woman of such experience, especially when it is absolutely free.

Mrs. Pinkham never violates the confidence of women, and every testimonial letter published is done so with the written consent or request of the writer, in order that other sick women may be benefited as they have been.

Mrs. Fred Seydel, of 413 North 54th Street, West Philadelphia, Pa., writes: "Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—Over a year ago I wrote you a letter asking advice, I had female ills and could not carry a child to maturity. I received your kind letter of instructions and followed your advice. I am not only a woman in consequence, but have a beautiful baby girl, with every suffering woman in the land would write you for advice, as you have done so much for me."

Just as surely as Mrs. Seydel was cured, will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure every woman suffering from any form of female ills.

No other medicine in all the world has such a record of cures of female troubles as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Therefore no prudent woman will accept any substitute which a druggist may offer.

If you are sick, write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free and always helpful.

Desirable Homes at Low Prices

We have three choice lots on Belmont street, one on Pandora avenue near Fernwood road, and four on Hayward avenue, on which we will build residences to suit, and sell on easy terms. Moore & Whittington, Also Agents for the Moore-Whittington Lumber Co. Rough and dressed lumber, shingles and mouldings for sale. Mill phone, B119.

EASY MONEY AT HOME

Selling Cigarettes. No postage than ordinary. All orders. You'll get 50c to \$1.00 each for young smokers. Reproduction necessary. To get free, send no money and COTTAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at 75c) and two copies BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS.

and "EVERY" COTTAM BIRD BOOK, make money with cigarette, all for 50c stamps or cash. Address COTTAM BIRD SEED, 24 St. Louis, Mo.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gonorrhea and Running. In 48 Hours. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

AT THE ARK

Cor. Broad and Pandora, arrange to buy or sell your effects.

F. J. BITTANCOURT, Auctioneer. Phone A382.

WE SELL

HARDWARE

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, Ld.

Cor. YATES & BROAD STREETS

PHONE 82

306

VICTORIA

WHAT?
Enamelled Iron Sinks
From \$2.25 Up?

Yes, we intend clearing out all Sinks at cut prices to make room for the large consignment which is on the way.

A. Sheret

72 Fort St.

Tel. 438

P. O. Box 488

SATURDAY'S BARGAIN

Pine Apple Sliced, 2 large Tins 25c

Fresh Peaches, Plums, Apples, Apricots.

The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd.

PHONE 3

JOHNSON ST.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER TRADE SUPPLIED

BY
R. P. Rithet & Co. Ltd.

THE
COOLEST PLACE
IN
VICTORIA
IS AROUND THE
SODA FOUNTAIN
AT
HALL'S
CENTRAL DRUG STORE
N. E. Corner Yates and Douglas
Victoria, B. C.

THE NEW GRAND
SULLIVAN & CONSIDINE, Props.
ROBT. JAMESON, Mgr.
General Admission, 10c. Entire Lower
Floor and First Six Rows of Bal-
cony, 5c. Box Seats, 30c.
Week July 18th.
THE KONOWALSKI BROS.
AL. JOLSON.
THE TELLO CHILDREN.
MR. AND MRS. MORRELL.
LYON AND COLLUM.
FREDERICK ROBERTS.
NEW MOVING PICTURES.
PROF. M. NAGEL'S ORCHESTRA.

WEATHER BULLETIN.
Daily Report issued by the Victoria
Meteorological Department.

Victoria, July 18—5 a. m. The pressure
continues high on the coast and the
region of the Great Lakes, with a vast
intervening trough of low pressure of
which the northern part is central at
Prince Albert and the southern in Ar-
izona. Showers have fallen at Salt Lake
City, Havre and Qu'Appelle, and a thun-
derstorm with rain occurred at Swift
Current. Fair summer weather prevails
in all districts, and conditions are favor-
able for its continuance in this province.

Forecasts.
For 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Thursday.
Victoria and vicinity—Light or moderate
winds, fair and warm during the day.
Wednesday and Thursday.
Lower Mainland—Light or moderate
winds, fair and warm during the day.
Wednesday and Thursday.

Reports.
Victoria—Barometer, 30.08; temperature,
65; minimum, 55; wind, calm; weather,
clear.
New Westminster—Barometer, 30.06;
temperature, 58; minimum, 54; wind, 4
miles E. E. weather, cloudy.
Nanaimo—Wind N. W.; weather, fair.
Hastings—Barometer, 30.08; tempera-
ture, 68; minimum, 48; wind, calm; weather,
clear.
San Francisco—Barometer, 29.94; tem-
perature, 56; minimum, 50; wind, 8 miles
N. W. weather, clear.
Edmonton—Barometer, 29.50; tempera-
ture, 56; minimum, 50; wind, 4 miles W.;
weather, fair.

Stop That Headache!

FOOLISH TO SUFFER WHEN A
SIMPLE REMEDY WILL PRE-
VENT AND CURE.

Ever stop to think what caused your
headaches?
Probably not. Then look to the bow-
els and stomach, and you will find plenty
of cause. Chances are you'll find consti-
pation, liver is sluggish, stomach
overburdened with half-digested food.
No wonder you are dull, tired, rest-
less day and night.

You need the cleansing influence of
Dr. Hamilton's Pills which cure your
condition in short order.

Being composed of natural vegetable
remedies Dr. Hamilton's Pills possess
great power, yet they are harmless.
They aid all organs connected with the
stomach, liver and bowels. In con-
sequence food is properly digested, the
blood is pure and nourishing, the body
is kept strong and resists disease.

Headaches never come to those who
use Dr. Hamilton's Pills, and the vari-
ous ailments which are the result of
indigestion are cured by the Assistant
Manager of the Poultry Success Magazine,
of Springfield, O., Mr. J. H. Callender,
who writes: "No better medicine than
Dr. Hamilton's Pills. We use them
regularly and know of marvelous cures
that resisted everything else. They
cleanse the whole system, act as a tonic
to the blood, enliven digestion, help
the stomach, and make you feel strong
and well." For headaches, indigestion,
and stomach disorders I am confident
that the one prescription is Dr. Hamil-
ton's Pills.

You can rely on Dr. Hamilton's Pills
with implicit confidence; their effect
is wonderful. Sold by all dealers. Price
25c per box, five, \$1.25, or \$1.00, or by
mail from N. C. & Co., Kings-
ton, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., U.S.A.

FRASER DELTA IS "GARDEN OF WORLD"

EXPERIENCES OF LOCAL
MERCHANT AT LADNER

Enthusiastic Praise of Fertility of Banner
Hay and Oat District of
Province.

Much has been said and written
about the marvellous fertility of the
lower Fraser valley, but the recent
experiences of a local merchant will
bear repeating. Thomas H. Horne, of
the firm of Bannerman & Horne, has
just returned from a purchasing trip
through the district mentioned and the
following is his account of what he
saw.

"The only thing that surprised me
when on the Fraser river delta," he
said, "was that the fence posts did not
grow the same as everything else. Del-
ta municipality with adjacent islands,
Westham and Crescent, is the garden
of the world. If people any place else
were told the truth regarding this dis-
trict it would be classed as a fairy tale.
Just think of a place where stock are
pastured for at least nine months every
year and yet a crop of 2 1/2 tons of
timothy or 2 1/2 of clover is raised in
the short interval. I have never seen any-
thing like it. T. W. Patterson, M.P.P.,
for instance, took his stock on May
28th, and today has a crop of hay aver-
aging at least two and a half tons.
"This record even would be beaten
by Westham and Crescent islands, the
fertility of the soil is simply wonderful.
If the weather continues favorable they
will throw out at least 100 tons of stock
to the acre. It's a fine country; I'd
just as soon have 100 acres there as
over a bank. They can grow every-
thing. Mangolds and turnips are so
profitable that I would not venture to
give the figures, people would think
I'm romancing. The cattle are rolling
fat. They ought to be. There is every-
thing in the way of food required and
the long period of green pasture puts
stock in the best possible condition.
"All the settlements are booming.
Ladner will have electric light from a
new Westminister line in the course of
a few weeks and engineers are looking
into the question of having water from
the same place.
"Stevenson, as usual during the fish-
ing season, is a hive of industry. The
salmon have not begun to run yet, but
on Sunday a large number of boats
went out and there was the expecta-
tion of a large catch.
"I saw quite a number of young
pheasants. They seem to be spreading
rapidly. On Westham Island I flushed
a covey of twelve young birds in
a clover patch, and shortly afterwards
came across three or four cocks, so
that they took little or no notice of
me."
Mr. Horne says that hay will be
about the same price as last year—\$12
to \$14 per ton. The new crop will not
come in largely for about three weeks
and quotations may be a little higher
for that time, but afterwards it will
go down to the figure mentioned. There
is also quite a lot of old hay on hand.
In his opinion the quality is better than
last season and Delta hay, oats and
clover are the best at present on the
market.

A joint meeting of representatives of
the City Council, Board of Trade, De-
velopment and Tourist Association and
the Trades and Labor Council was held
last night in Labor hall. J. D. Mc-
Niven, M. P. P., presided, and Ald.
Fullerton acted as secretary. Necess-
ary committees were appointed and a
tentative programme of entertainment
outlined. The personnel of the differ-
ent committees is as follows:

Hotels—J. D. McNiven, M. P. P.; and
Ald. Fullerton.
Finance—Ald. Douglas, W. T. Wil-
liams, E. Gilligan, W. J. Ambury, J. E.
Wilson, and H. Keot, and H. Keot, and
Entertainments and Receptions—Ald.
Stewart, Dr. Rowe, J. H. Lawson, Jr.,
and A. Johnson.

An excursion will be arranged to Tod
Inlet for inspection of the Vancouver
Portland Cement Works, and a trip
also made to some of the points of
interest along the island. The mass
meeting mentioned above will also be
an important feature of the congress.
No time will be lost by the
committees in presenting an inter-
im report, and the combined delega-
tion will, next Monday, represent to
the board of aldermen the claims of
the congress for a substantial civic
grant.

INTERIOR MINING.
The Boundary and Crow's Nest Pass
Pay Rolls.

The importance of the mining indus-
try in the Boundary may be gauged
from the monthly pay roll of this sec-
tion, says a Phoenix dispatch. Each
month it seems to grow a little in
volume, and the railways are prepar-
ing to handle an increased output of
ore from all of the large shipping prop-
erties. The pay day for the most of
the mines occurs on the 10th of the
month, and this month it was fully as
large as a little larger than for the
month of May. Following are the fig-
ures approximately: Granby Consolidated,
\$75,000; B. C. Copper Co., \$35,000; Do-
minion Copper Co., \$33,000; smaller
mines, \$12,000; C. P. R. and C. N. R.,
\$42,000; total, \$200,000. The figures in-
clude mining and smelting, and the
employees of the two big railway com-
panies operating in this section.

Charles Biesel, the new manager of
the Snowshoe mine in Phoenix camp,
which was recently taken over by the
Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co.
of Canada, Ltd., made another visit to
the property last week and it is now
given out that the mine will start op-
erations on Monday, July 22nd. It is ex-
pected that in the neighborhood of
some 50 men will be employed at the
Snowshoe, the force being gradually
increased.

The British Columbia Copper Com-
pany is still steadily pumping out the
extensive workings of the B. C. mine.
Summit camp, on which the company
recently took a bond. It will probably
require several weeks yet to unwater
the property so that it can be inspected
and a plan of development formulated.
At the British Copper Company's
Mother Lode mine in Deadwood camp,
the main shaft has now reached a
depth of 475 feet, and the work of get-
ting the property into shape to greatly
increase its tonnage hereafter, by the
time the enlarged smelter is ready for
blowing in, is being pushed with all
possible expedition under Superintendent
Holman. About 125 men are now
employed at the Mother Lode, and the
force is being increased as fast as men
are to be had.

At the Snowshoe mine, the new man-
ager, Charles Biesel, has been in-
structed to be paid out in wages on Saturday
next, July 21st, by the Crow's Nest
Pass Coal Co., will be the largest in its
history. This is the pay roll for the
month of June, and it will be remem-
bered that the tonnage for last month
was a record one. The following are
the figures: Coal Creek, \$92,846.50;
Michel, \$55,000.00; Caledonia, \$1,300.50;
total, \$149,147.00. The output of
Snowshoe Coal Creek for the week ending July 13th was as
follows: Coal Creek, 10,563.74 tons;
Michel, 1,544.14 tons; total, 12,107.88
tons.

Dismissed from a Berlin shop because
she used perfume on her handkerchief, a
young milliner has obtained damages
from her employers by submitting the
sent used to the judge, who approved of
it, highly.

FIGHTING PHTHISIS

PROFESSOR VON BEHRING'S NEW
WEAPON.

By C. W. Saleeby, M. D.

Professor von Behring has made to
the International Tuberculosis Con-
gress an announcement of great inter-
est and importance. Concerning de-
tails I have, of course, no information
beyond that common to every reader,
but I believe to be able to elucidate
certain matters of moment.

In the first place, let us note the
manner of man with whom we have to
do. As the inventor of the anti-toxin,
which now daily saves our child-
ren's lives from the attacks of the
diphtheria bacillus, Professor von
Behring ranks among the greatest liv-
ing benefactors of his kind. That
signal discovery, which has robbed a
terrible disease of nearly all its ter-
rors—patients treated on the first day
simply do not die—was the fruit of ten
years' labor. The professor is not only
a great man of science, but a cautious
and dispassionate investigator. It has
never been his habit to speak prema-
turely. Pray let us understand, then,
that we have to deal with no charlatan
or money-grubber, but with an illus-
trious man of science, who has already
saved tens of thousands of children's
lives. Certainly he has earned the
highest distinction shared, I believe, by
only one other of his colleagues, of be-
ing dubbed von his Emperor, and
receiving rank equivalent to that of a
privy councillor in this country.

The Error of Koch.
And now for a little history. At the
first International Tuberculosis Con-
gress, held in London three years ago,
Professor Koch declared that bovine
and human tuberculosis are entirely
distinct, and that infection of man
from the bovine species is therefore
impossible. The discoverer of the tu-
berculin bacillus, used with practical
benefit to destroy the bacillus of
cholera, certainly speaks with
unique authority, but unfortunately
that pronouncement of his is not the
first that must be characterized as
rash and premature. The most careful
inquiry has followed upon the dictum
of Koch, and, as everyone knows, it
has been repudiated with practical
unanimity. By last week's congress,
without a doubt, man may be, and
frequently is, infected by tuberculosis
from the ox.

Koch was misled by the marked dif-
ferences that exist between cultures of
tubercle bacilli from man and from
the ox. At I have lately pointed out,
he was misled by lack of full appre-
ciation of organic evolution. Bacteri-
ologists persist in thinking that bac-
terial species are immutable, whereas
they are the most mutable of all living
organisms. The difference between the
two kinds of bacilli is doubtless the
result of the modifications caused by
the differing environment in the two
cases.

"What has all this to do with Pro-
fessor Behring's discovery?" Every-
thing, my friend. If Koch were right,
Behring's work upon the guinea pig
and others of the lower mammals
would have no direct interest for man.
If Behring is to do what he hopes to
do, it is absolutely essential that Koch
be wrong; that tuberculosis in all
mammals be in reality one and the same
disease. Therefore I have occupied
some space in combating and en-
deavoring to explain Koch's grave and
formidable error. If, now, we repudi-
ate Koch and accept that human tu-
berculosis is one and the same disease
in mammals generally, we are in a
position to consider the recent
work of Behring.

Von Behring's Discovery.

Man cannot be infected by the ox,
said Koch; whereupon Behring de-
clared that man is scarcely ever infected
by the ox! It must be admitted
that Behring went too far, though he
was certainly nearer the truth than
was Koch. Behring declared—not just
the other day, as some Paris Journal-
ists seem to think, but long ago, in
this country, that human tu-
berculosis is almost entirely due to
the inhalation of particles of sputum
from consumptives, but to the inges-
tion of (bovine) tubercle bacilli in in-
fected milk during the first years of
life. That theory cannot be maintain-
ed, for it has lately vied with the as-
sertion of Koch in claiming the at-
tention of experimenters and observers;
and we need now retain only this con-
clusion: that man is often infected from
the ox.

And now for the point.

The question is one of immunity,
and this is one of the most complex
and intricate subjects in the whole of
biology. There has just been pub-
lished in English the great work
"Immunity in Infective Diseases," written
by Professor Metchnikoff in 1901; al-
ready it is out of date in many places,
largely owing to Metchnikoff's own
labors of the intervening period. Pro-
fessor von Behring has already told us
that he could never have reached the
point now attained but for the labors
of Metchnikoff—the discoverer of the
process by which our white blood cells
eat up and destroy noxious bacilli. One
could not do justice to a week in
merely introducing this subject; with-
out such an introduction and much
more, it is impossible fully to under-
stand Professor von Behring's paper.
I do not propose to attempt the im-
possible, but merely to insist upon the
salient facts.

Killing the Bacilli.

When the tubercle bacillus attacks
the cells of a higher organism than
itself—such as man or the ox—it ex-
ercises its deleterious action in virtue of
certain poisonous substances which it
produces. But the bacillus also con-
tains another substance, now discov-
ered by Behring, and called by him TC.
This substance it is which, uniting with
the cells of the defending organism, en-
ables them to resist the further poi-
sonous action of the bacillus. Now von
Behring takes tubercle bacilli and
treats them in such a way as to re-
move from them all the poisonous sub-
stances in virtue of which they send
to the grave one in seven of all who
die upon the earth. These remain-
ing tubercle bacilli, which are there-
fore called "dead" tubercle bacilli, are
drawn. Their shape is retained, and
they can be stained and made visible
under the microscope in the usual way.
These dead bacilli, robbed of their
poisons, von Behring calls residue or
residue bacilli. His term is res-
idue, rest meaning remaining or re-
sidue in German. Now these residue
bacilli, robbed of their poisons, retain
this other substance which von Behring
calls TC. These dead residue bacilli,
reduced to suitable form, are now in-
jected into animals suffering from or
threatened by tuberculosis, and the
TC aids the animal in destroying any
whole and living bacilli which may be
present or may gain an entry. In other
words, von Behring produces what we
call passive immunity. The whole
bacilli which may be present or may
gain an entry. In other words, von
Behring produces what we call passive
immunity. The whole bacilli are
killed by a so-called "unexpected" and
disproportionate amount of TC—and are
conquered. Apparently von Behring
has conclusively satisfied himself that
by this means he has cured tubercu-
losis in a large variety of the lower
mammals. Very few will doubt that,
if this be so, he will certainly succeed
in doing the same in man. Let me note
again that this inference depends upon
our denial of Koch's hasty assertion
that human tuberculosis is a thing
apart.

The Paris papers seem to have gath-
ered very extraordinary notions as to
von Behring's intentions. People who
know the ways of secret remedies
might well suspect the whole affair
when they heard that the discoverer
proposed to make money by keeping
his secret to himself. On the contrary
he is following the rule which is the
unique glory of the medical profession,
he is telling us all he knows; and it
is only a matter of weeks, I doubt
not, ere TC is subjected to the clinical
trial, the extent of which will be lim-
ited only by the rate at which the
principle can be elaborated. The pro-
fessor was entitled to remind his hear-
ers that we delayed too long in
giving his diphtheria anti-toxin the
trial from which it emerged trium-
phant; clinicians will not run the risk
of making a similar mistake.

Meanwhile the wise will continue to
open their bed room windows at night;
indeed, why should a bed room window
be ever closed?

TIDE TABLE

Victoria, B. C., July, 1906.

Date	Time of High Tide	Time of Low Tide	Time of High Tide	Time of Low Tide
1	5:32 A.M.	12:04 P.M.	1:56 P.M.	12:19 A.M.
2	6:01 A.M.	12:02 P.M.	1:59 P.M.	12:18 A.M.
3	6:29 A.M.	12:05 P.M.	1:57 P.M.	12:21 A.M.
4	6:57 A.M.	12:07 P.M.	1:54 P.M.	12:24 A.M.
5	7:25 A.M.	12:08 P.M.	1:51 P.M.	12:27 A.M.
6	7:53 A.M.	12:09 P.M.	1:48 P.M.	12:30 A.M.
7	8:21 A.M.	12:10 P.M.	1:45 P.M.	12:33 A.M.
8	8:49 A.M.	12:11 P.M.	1:42 P.M.	12:36 A.M.
9	9:17 A.M.	12:12 P.M.	1:39 P.M.	12:39 A.M.
10	9:45 A.M.	12:13 P.M.	1:36 P.M.	12:42 A.M.
11	10:13 A.M.	12:14 P.M.	1:33 P.M.	12:45 A.M.
12	10:41 A.M.	12:15 P.M.	1:30 P.M.	12:48 A.M.
13	11:09 A.M.	12:16 P.M.	1:27 P.M.	12:51 A.M.
14	11:37 A.M.	12:17 P.M.	1:24 P.M.	12:54 A.M.
15	12:05 P.M.	12:18 P.M.	1:21 P.M.	12:57 A.M.
16	12:33 P.M.	12:19 P.M.	1:18 P.M.	1:00 A.M.
17	1:01 P.M.	12:20 P.M.	1:15 P.M.	1:03 A.M.
18	1:29 P.M.	12:21 P.M.	1:12 P.M.	1:06 A.M.
19	1:57 P.M.	12:22 P.M.	1:09 P.M.	1:09 A.M.
20	2:25 P.M.	12:23 P.M.	1:06 P.M.	1:12 A.M.
21	2:53 P.M.	12:24 P.M.	1:03 P.M.	1:15 A.M.
22	3:21 P.M.	12:25 P.M.	1:00 P.M.	1:18 A.M.
23	3:49 P.M.	12:26 P.M.	9:57 A.M.	1:21 A.M.
24	4:17 P.M.	12:27 P.M.	9:54 A.M.	1:24 A.M.
25	4:45 P.M.	12:28 P.M.	9:51 A.M.	1:27 A.M.
26	5:13 P.M.	12:29 P.M.	9:48 A.M.	1:30 A.M.
27	5:41 P.M.	12:30 P.M.	9:45 A.M.	1:33 A.M.
28	6:09 P.M.	12:31 P.M.	9:42 A.M.	1:36 A.M.
29	6:37 P.M.	12:32 P.M.	9:39 A.M.	1:39 A.M.
30	7:05 P.M.	12:33 P.M.	9:36 A.M.	1:42 A.M.

The time used is Pacific Standard, for
the 12th meridian west. It is counted
from 24 hours from midnight to mid-
night. The figures for height serve to
distinguish high water from low water.
The height measured from the level
of the lower low water at spring tides.
This level corresponds with the datum to
which the soundings on the hydro-
graphic chart of Victoria harbor are referred, as
closely as can now be ascertained.

LONG LIVED WHEAT STACK.

There is a wheat stack in Alsby, a vil-
lage in South Lincolnshire, that is mak-
ing history. It has been standing in the
farmyard of Mr. Philip Selby for twenty-
seven years. The grain is said to be in
excellent condition, and there are many
stories as to why the owner has kept it
intact for so many years. One is that he
determined never to sell the grain for less
than a certain sum, which was never of-
fered.

ONE OF THE THIN RED LINE.

John Macdonald, one of the Thin Red
Line, died recently at Inverness. He
went through the Crimea with the 93rd
Highlanders, and afterwards got trans-
ferred to the 5th Highlanders, and served
in the Indian Mutiny. He left the army
about thirty-five years ago on a cor-
poral's pension.

MEANS HEALTHY BABIES

Because it supplies all the nourish-
ment that any baby needs to grow
into a sturdy, rosy, healthy child.
Nestle's Food requires no milk—
just add water.
Price sample sent to any mother
who will try it.
The Leading Milk Co., Sole Agents, Montreal.

Nestle's Food has nourished three
generations of sturdy children.
Nestle's Food is used by thousands
of mothers, who were themselves
brought up on it. Nestle's Food

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.
It is the only food that is perfectly
adapted to the needs of infants.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every day (except Sunday)

The Times Printing & Publishing Co.
LIMITED.
JOHN NELSON,
Managing Director.

Offices 26 Broad Street
Telephones:
Reporterial Rooms 45
Business Office 109
Daily, one month, by carrier 15
Daily, one week, by carrier 20
Daily, by mail, per annum \$1.00
Twice-a-Week Times, per annum \$1.00

THE WATER QUESTION.

One point with reference to this vexatious question is quite clear: that nothing can be done during the present summer season to improve the supply of water either as to quality or quantity. Therefore it is perfectly reasonable to hold that nothing can be lost, and possibly something may be gained, by waiting a day or two for the report of the expert sent out to investigate the capacity of the Highland district as a source of supply. It is futile for those who hold a brief for the Esquimalt Water Works Company to refer with scorn to the "swamp water" collected in the lake of the Highland district generally, physically it bears a very close resemblance to the water of the sea which it is separated by the arm of the sea called St. James inlet. And we venture to assert that if an analysis were made of the waters of Goldstream and of the Millstream, very little difference would be discovered in their properties. So it is obvious that the cause of the Esquimalt Water Works, Company, a concern which has suddenly become imbued with a consuming desire to sell the citizens of Victoria either its whole works or that portion of its collected water at present running to waste, is hardly likely to be advanced by disparaging reference to the swamps of Lost Lake or Lavender.

As to the capacity of the water shed of the Highland district, that cannot be determined except by competent authorities. Those who have had opportunities of examining Millstream during the winter season know well that vast quantities of water pass down from the Highland district in the course of a very few months every year. Any competent authority, on a superficial investigation, would be apt to conclude that if the water running to the sea could be effectively collected, the resultant storage would be ample for the requirements of a very large city, while the natural elevation would be such as to give a very effective pressure. There are natural basins in the neighborhood of Dr. Hannington's property in which the collection of the water would appear to be a comparatively easy matter. The task of conveying the water to the city would certainly not be any more costly than connecting the city pipes with the source of contemplated supply at Goldstream. For these reasons we hold that the city council is justified in the investigations it has undertaken. Officially we are quite sure there is no prejudice against the Esquimalt Water Works Company. Neither have the people of Victoria any particular animus against that company. They are simply desirous to maintain their independence of any private concern in this important matter of water supply, and in their attitude they are justified by the experience of other cities and of private concerns in their relations with such private institutions.

The inspired advocate of the cause of the Esquimalt Water Works Company claims that its client is at the present time earning four per cent. interest upon the price asked for its property. In that case we do not understand why it should care a penny what the city may do to improve its water supply. If the company is working to such advantage to its shareholders at the present time, it ought to be able to do very much better in the future, as water powers are steadily increasing in value. We congratulate the shareholders on their prospects, and we think we can with reason ask them to permit their less fortunate fellow-citizens to work out their problems without interference.

For years the Times has been engaged in the thankless task of pointing out that various city councils have been inclined to dally too long with this question of an effective water supply. Experts have now been engaged. They have made reports. The ordermen have talked and speculated upon the subject of sources of supply. But apparently the stage has been reached which must be followed by action. We ought to know within a few days whether the Goldstream proposition is the only one worthy of serious consideration. When that point has been established we shall be prepared to treat the question on its merits and on its merits alone. We shall take the position, which we believe will be endorsed by the majority of the ratepayers of the city, that no private company shall be permitted to place its hand upon the throttle of the main through which the water will

INTERNATIONAL CRICKET.

One of the points of difference between man and all other animals is that man almost to the maximum period of his brief span of life delights in play. He considers it all but necessary to his existence. Hence the prevalence of all forms of sport such as lacrosse and baseball and yachting and cricket, and lawn tennis and even golf. Without these recreations life would be a burden to the people who love to congregate in cities. To our mind cricket, chiefly by reason of its character, has always been the most attractive of sports with bat and ball. It is therefore with regret we observe that cricket in Canada appears to have lost some of its favor. Our young men are no longer capable of holding their own against their neighbors in the United States, although the people of the republic are not given over in an enthusiastic degree to that most fascinating of all games. The reason for this state of affairs we cannot tell. But it is at least satisfactory to note that the true spirit of the noble old English game still survives in Canada in exalted degree even if the prowess necessary to obtain success has temporarily departed. There was a time, and that not very long ago, when Canadians were capable of giving a good account of themselves in international matches with the United States. Whether the Americans have improved their game or whether Canadians have gone back is a matter for authorities to decide. The fact remains that our countrymen have of recent years been outclassed in the annual contests. This year the gentlemen of Philadelphia, who are the principal devotees of the pastime in the United States, inflicted a more than usually decisive defeat upon the Canadians. In their reports of the match American newspapers attribute the failure of our young men to lack of judgment and nervousness combined; but they are unanimous in their commendation of the spirit displayed by the Canadian cricketers, a spirit which exalts the game and distinguishes it from all other forms of sport in which the present generation, especially in the United States, is addicted.

It is seldom indeed that the dignified editor deigns to take note of what is going on in the athletic field. For that reason it is significant that the international cricket match recently played in Philadelphia has been considered as calling for special comment, not because of the skill displayed by either side, or because of the great victory gained by the United States, but because of the spirit in which the Canadians accepted their defeat. The New York Times has the following reference to the event, under the suggestive heading of "Canadian Sportsmanship."

"The Canadian team have gone home without teaching us cricket even a little, but they leave us a lesson in the amenities of sport which it would be well for us to take as much profit from as they are entitled to take credit for. Our captain was playing for the victory rather than for the sport when he elected to take a second inning instead of requiring the Canadians to follow on, to see whether in two innings they could equal the score of our first. Doubtless the intent was not what the result was—to make a show of the Canadians. Nevertheless if the Canadians had not been in temper to hear of the loss of their heads, they could easily have been forgiven. Yet that is what they did. They insisted upon playing in a storm sufficient to warrant a protest, and they even played twelve minutes past time in order that we might have a victory which was highly ours instead of the unjustly 'driven' which might have been theirs. Never has sport presented a sadder case for declaring that defeat was without disgrace. The Canadians go home with honor, having erected a standard in sport which will be referred to long after the defeat will have been forgotten. The game will be remembered not for the hollowness of their defeat, but for the service they rendered to sportsmanship. Well done, Canadians! Let us have the same spirit in cross-border contests in trade, and even in politics."

The King has decided that for reasons of state he cannot accept the invitation given by the Senate and House of Commons to pay a visit to Canada. The declaration is disappointing but not unexpected. It is more than disappointing in the intimation it incidentally contains, that a visit from the sovereign to the colonies at any time is out of the question.

And so the insurance trust threatens to swoop down upon this hapless community and make it pay twenty-five per cent. more for insurance against fire losses. Possibly the trust reckons that there is a commission in existence to which we can appeal in the event of such arbitrary action.

RE CLERKS' HALF HOLIDAY.

To the Editor: Permit me through your columns to correct a false impression which has been created by some remarks made by me to your reporter. No remark of mine could be construed into saying that I thought the clerks had too many holidays. My contention was and is that clerks and all others working for wages are entitled to their full share of time for recreation, but that the closing of stores during business hours is not conducive to the commercial welfare of our city. I made these remarks from a strong sense of duty to the city, and I am quite sure the clerks and wage earners when they get together and discuss this matter will agree with me and strive for an arrangement with their employers that will not result in a loss of trade to the city which we are spending money and energy to bring here.

A. J. MORLEY, Mayor.

THE STERLING FOUNTAIN PEN

POINTS OF SUPERIORITY

A NON-LEAKABLE MIDDLE INK JOINT

A strong and absolutely non-leakable ink joint is placed in the middle of the barrel, away from the finger grasp, so that it is impossible for the hand or fingers to come into contact with it, no matter how the pen may be held in writing.

NO SWEATING OR OVERFLOW OF INK

In pens provided with the large ever-fitting cap the condensation of ink evaporation, called sweating, and the frequent overflow of the ink on to the finger grasp under the cap, has always been a cause of much annoyance. This is avoided in the STANDARD FLANGE PENS by reason of the joint made at the extreme mouth of the holder.

A PERFECT FINGER GRASP

The Flange at the end of the holder makes a comfortable finger grasp.

THE EVER FITTING CAP

The additional bearing given by the flange fitting into the cap causes the cap to fit securely at all times. It cannot be loosened by falling or coming off in the pocket or being pulled or pressed against.

GENERAL EXCELLENCE OF QUALITY

In addition to the above, there is a superior excellence of finish and writing quality that makes the Standard Flange the best Fountain Pen ever produced.

Sold and Guaranteed by **DAVID SPENCER, LTD.**

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.

HARDWARE

BEST CUMBERLAND SMITHING COAL

METALLIC SHINGLES, CEILING & SIDING, Etc.

Wharf St. **VICTORIA, B.C.**
Phone 3

SILVER TEA SERVICES

We have just put in stock some new

English Tea Services in Solid Silver, Hall Marked

and also in best quality electro plate; prices very reasonable. Also a fine line of articles for the dressing table at remarkably low prices. Call and inspect, these lines and you will be convinced that they are bargains.

C. E. REDFERN, 43 Govt. St.

ATKINS' RENOWNED

A.A.A. D.B. AXES

Falling, Cross-Cut, Band and Hand Saws, Silver Solder.

The Hickman, Tye Hardware Co.

P. O. Drawer 613. **VICTORIA, B. C.** Phone 50

THE WATER QUESTION.

To the Editor: The extraordinary action of the majority of the city council in refusing even to ask a price from the Esquimalt Water Works Company for supplying the pressing need of the city demands an explanation, and I venture to suggest that a public meeting be immediately called by the ratepayers, asking those who voted for the rejection of the report to reconsider their decision or resign their seats. The question of sidewalks and entertaining delegates in of no importance in comparison with the health and safety of the city.

W. W. COLUMBIA,
Bishopscroft, Victoria, July 15th, 1906.

PERSONAL.

"John A. Turner left for Victoria last evening where he will reside for some months, possibly permanently," says Sunday's Nelson News. "He has resided here so long, was so well known to all readers of the Daily News, that it is perhaps unnecessary to make any extended reference to his career in this city, but it can be said truly that he was always an active worker in every movement for the advancement of Nelson. As a public official and as a business man, John A. Turner held the respect and esteem of the entire community, and his departure will be sincerely regretted by everyone who had relations with him either of a business or social nature."

J. S. Mead and wife of Portland; Ralph H. Reardon and L. V. Bruce, of Seattle; and Mrs. A. G. Schloesser and Miss Schloesser, of Los Angeles, are at the Driford.

W. Sloan, M. P., of Nanaimo, arrived in the city at noon.

A. J. Chisholm, of Vancouver, is at the Balmoral.

Excursions among the Gulf Islands Wednesday and Saturdays by steamer Iroquois. For information telephone 514.

New pictures and enlarged orchestra, Gorge Park.

David Spencer Ltd.

WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE

FOR THURSDAY'S SELLING

Children's Hats—Various Kinds

Regular \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50. To-Morrow 25 Cents Each.

Lace Collars and Fronts

Value \$1.25 to \$2.00. To-Morrow \$1.00.

Boys' Shirt Waists

Usual Value 50 Cents. To-Morrow 35 Cents.

Twenty Croquet Sets

Usual Price \$1.75. To-Morrow \$1.25.

800 Yards of Fancy Flannelettes

Thursday 6 1-2 Cents a Yard. Usual 10 Cents a Yard.

500 Yards of Figured Muslins

Usual Value 15 Cents. To-Morrow 10 Cents.

A Table of Table Cloths, Etc.

Go on Sale To-Morrow at 50 Cents Each. Values in This Lot Up to \$1.00

Long Gloves In Silk, Cotton and Lisle

Shown To-Morrow.

RUNAWAY BOY IS STILL AT LARGE

VANCOUVER YOUNGSTER WANTS TO SEE WORLD

Police Looking For Master Chisholm Who Escaped From the Pass of Leny Yesterday.

Both the provincial and city police are searching for a runaway boy by the name of James Chisholm who left Vancouver several days ago without the consent of his parents and shipped as a member of the crew of the Pass of Leny through the agency of H. Sims, proprietor of a local sailor's boarding house. Master Chisholm is about fifteen years of age and apparently is ambitious to see something of the world. The vessel whose crew he joined is one lying in the Royal Roads and from all accounts lacks a full complement and is unable to get away until the deficiency is made up. Therefore when young Chisholm made his application there was little hesitation, in fact his services were accepted without demur. He shipped under the name of Robert Munn and probably gave an age considerably above that mentioned in order that no questions would be asked in reference to the age clause of the shipping act.

When his departure became known to his parents, A. Chisholm, the father, junior of the Terminal City Post Office, immediately instituted inquiries through the police of that city. That he had taken passage to Victoria was soon ascertained and the chief communicated with Chief Langley, of this city, enclosing a photograph and asking that he endeavor to find the recalcitrant youngster and send him back to his home. Investigation here disclosed the fact that he had shipped under the name of Leny and Chief Langley placed the matter in the hands of Superintendent Hussey, of the Provincial police.

The latter took action without delay. Yesterday afternoon he deputed a constable to proceed to Esquimalt, take charge of the boy and hold him until the arrival of his father, who, in the meantime, had been informed that his child's whereabouts was known and that he had better come to Victoria.

Upon arriving there he met H. Sims at the landing who informed him that he had already sent a launch out to bring the boy from the ship, having been assured by the shipping master that he was wanted. The mate of the Pass of Leny, who was nearby, told the constable that Master Chisholm would not be permitted to leave the vessel in his absence because there was nobody aboard with authority. Therefore it was decided to follow the launch to the ship in order to make sure that boy would be forthcoming. Upon arrival there it was discovered

that he had taken passage in the launch. The two boys evidently had passed each other en route, without either observing the other.

Returning the constable learned that as soon as the launch touched the shore the boy had jumped off and set out at a fast clip down the road. He had succeeded in escaping his pursuers.

When informed of the miscarriage of his plans Superintendent Hussey naturally was somewhat annoyed. He notified the city police again and now the members of both forces are devoting all their resources to discovering the hiding place of their quarry. That he has secured some refuge and that he has found some accomplices seems to be the opinion of the police, although, of course, nothing definite is known.

A. Chisholm, the boy's father, in accordance with Superintendent Hussey's instructions arrived from Vancouver last night only to find that the effort to capture his refractory son had resulted in failure. He is still here awaiting developments.

The official description of the boy follows: Aged 15 years; height, 4 feet 10 inches; complexion, rather fair; apparel, grey tweed Norfolk jacket with belt.

New pictures and enlarged orchestra, Gorge Park.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 29 of the Municipal Clauses Act, that the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria has, by resolution, declared that:

1. A one story frame building on Lot 43, Block 2, Douglas street.
2. A building formerly occupied as a time shed, situated on Lot 60, Block 1, Pandora street.
3. Certain old sheds, chicken houses and back part of dwelling house on Lot 86, Block 1, Chatham street.
4. Two old stables on Lot 40, Block W, Pandora street.
5. Certain wooden structures on Lots 41 and 42, Block E, Herald street.
6. A wooden building on Lot 53, Block 2, Douglas street, all in Victoria City, are, each and every, a nuisance and dangerous to the public health, and it was thereby ordered that same should be pulled down and removed forthwith by the owner or owners, agents, lessees or occupants thereof, and in case of default by the owner, agent, lessee or occupant to comply with this order within five days after the publication of this notice in the Daily Times, a daily newspaper published in the Municipality of the City of Victoria, and it was further ordered that such pulling down and removal of the said buildings and structures be done by the Sanitary Officer of the said Corporation, at the cost of the owner or owners of such buildings or structures, and that the payment of such costs and all expenses incidental thereto should be enforced against the owner or owners thereof by the said Sanitary Officer in an action at law in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., July 15th, 1906.

NOTICE

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria having determined that it is desirable to construct and lay permanent sidewalks of concrete on the following streets, namely:

1. Gorge road, south side, from Government street to David street.
2. Caledonia avenue, south side, from Douglas street to Blanchard avenue.
3. Piquard street, north side, from Douglas street to Blanchard avenue.
4. Cornmarket street, north side, from Douglas street to Douglas street.
5. Port street, north side, from Stanley avenue to Elford street.
6. Elliott street, north side, from Government street to Douglas street.
7. South Turner street, both sides, from Shaw street to Dallas road, including boulevard.
8. Clarence street, west side, from Simcoe street to Niagara street, including boulevard.
9. Rithel street, north side, from Menzies street to South Turner street.
10. Michigan street, south side, from Government street to Menzies street.
11. Oswego street, east side, from Quebec street to Belleville street.
12. St. John street, east side, from Kingston street to Quebec street.

And that each and every of said works shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Local Improvement General By-Law, and the City Engineer and City Assessor having reported to the Council, in accordance with the provisions of the said By-Law, that the works upon the said works of local improvement, giving statements showing the amount chargeable in each case against the various portions of real property benefited thereby, and their reports being hereby given that the works are hereby ordered to be carried out at the office of the City Assessor, City Hall, Douglas street.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., July 15th, 1906.

ROSLYN COAL

R. DAVERNE, SOLE AGENT.
Dealer in
WOOD AND BARK
OFFICE, 22 TROUSSE AVE. PHONE 94.
YARD PHONE 28.

Tennis Goods

Lacrosse

and Baseball

Outfits

AT

John Barnsley & Co's

115 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Fernie, B. C.," will be received at this office until Saturday, August 4th, 1906, inclusively, for the construction of a Post Office, etc., building at Fernie, B. C. Plans and specification can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. 40 p.c. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the tender is not accepted. The tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the undersigned, and not be returned if the tender is not accepted. By order,
FRED. GELINAS,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, July 15th, 1906.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for.

For Mildew, Aphis, Slugs and Hoppers

On Rose Bushes or other plants

USE LYBOL

This is highly recommended by those who have tried it. We will give you full directions.

Cyrus H. Bowes, Chemist

38 GOVERNMENT STREET, NEAR YATES ST. TEL. 415.

Rockland Avenue

Modern Bungalow

Containing 5 Rooms, Bath, Pantry, Cellar, also, out-buildings.

TWO LOTS

Good soil, full of fruit and flowers.

Choice Home \$2850

P. R. BROWN, LD.

20 BROAD STREET.

Phone 1774 P. O. Box 473.

Real Estate

We have a number of well situated choice lots in a beautiful subdivision, on easy terms, at prices that guarantee a large profit in a very short time.

Also desirable house properties in every section.

We have some bargains that should be picked up at once.

Consult us about your purchases.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

CLUTE & MURRAY

20 BROAD STREET, CORNER BROAD.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

SPECIAL SALES

TOILET GOODS

COMBS, BRUSHES, SKIN TONIC, PERFUMES, ETC.

B. G. DRUG STORE

Tel. 55. 10 Johnson Street.

J. TEAGUE, Proprietor.

Deville Bros & Co.

FAMILY GROCERS, ETC.

Call attention to their fine quality

HAMS, BACON, CHEESE BUTTER, EGGS, etc.; also Canadian

Canned Meats, Fish, Fruit, Vegetables, etc. All of the best at

cash prices.

Hillside Ave. and First St.

"Bella Cubana", clear Havana Cigar

Complete change Gorge Park

scope this week. Enlarged orchestra.

Tim Kee, Chinese and Japanese

fancy goods, Chinese employment

agency, Tourist guide supplied. No. 7

Cormorant street.

Cabinet photos, \$2.50 per dozen.

Have you had your photograph taken

yet? The reduced rate is only for

July. Foxall Studio, 59 1/2 Government

street.

Take a trip next Sunday, on the

steamer Iroquois among the Thousand

Islands of the Gulf and you will be

delighted. Train leaves Y. & S. station

at 9:45 a. m.

A Fernie dispatch says: "R. A.

Dorrell, of the Canadian Bank of Com-

merce, has been transferred to the New

Westminster branch of the same insti-

tution. The vacancy here will be filled

by R. E. Shaw, of Victoria."

The regular monthly drawing of the

Pacific Loan Company, Ltd., Van-

couver, went to W. G. Freshair, thir-

teenth, 326 Raymur Ave., Vancouver,

holder of contract No. 483. Mr. Free-

man had paid only \$25 on his contract

and has since sold his loan privilege for

\$150.

Aquatic and boating sports will be

held at Shawnigan Lake on August

4th from 1 p. m. to 7, to be followed

by a dance at Koenig's hotel. The enter-

tainment has been organized with a

view to providing funds for the main-

tenance of Malahat school. The events

will be numerous and the prizes good.

In addition to three swimming races,

greasy pole and tug-of-war, there will

be six boat races, and the land sports

will consist of ten events. There will

be the usual ice cream and ride range

attractions ashore.

Complete change Gorge Park

scope this week. Enlarged orchestra.

A Cool Smoke for Hot Weather

PANETELAS

THE NEW SHAPE IN

BOCK, CAROLINA and GALES

E. A. MORRIS,

The Leading Tobacconist Government Street.

CHEAP ACREAGE FOR SALE

FELTHAM ROAD, 2 1/2 ACRES, HOUSE, ORCHARD, STABLE, ETC. \$1,450
 FELTHAM ROAD, 1 1/4 ACRES, HOUSE, ORCHARD, CHICKEN RUNS, ETC. \$1,050
 GLENFORD AVENUE, 5 ACRES CLEARED. \$1,250
 POLICE STREET, 3 ACRES IN FRUIT AND WELL DRAIN-ED. \$1,250
 SALT SPRING ISLAND, NEAR FULFORD HARBOR, 139 ACRES, 7 CULTIVATED, 50 ACRES PARTLY CLEARED, 150 FRUIT BEARING TREES, SMALL HOUSE, ETC. \$1,200

Money to Loan at Current Rates.
 Fire and Life Insurance.

11 TROUCE AVENUE **LEE & FRASER** VICTORIA B. C.

VICTORIA'S DAILY WEATHER

Tuesday, July 17

Highest temperature 70
 Lowest temperature 52
 Moon set 10:51
 Sunrise 5 hours 20 minutes

VICTORIA WEATHER

June, 1906.

Highest temperature 72.5
 Lowest temperature 43.0
 Mean temperature 57.8
 Total precipitation for the month, 0.65 inch; average amount, 0.94 inch.

Bright sunshine, 213 hours 18 minutes; mean daily proportion, 0.44; constant sunshine being 15.

SENATOR RILEY HOME.

He Says That Hon. W. Templeman Is Very Popular at Ottawa.

Senator Geo. Riley, who returned to Victoria from Ottawa last evening in company with Mrs. Riley and Miss Balfour, was about the streets this morning and was warmly congratulated by his many friends upon his elevation to the Senate.

Accustomed to the more strenuous debates of the House of Commons he could not help noticing the more prosaic conduct of business in the Senate. At the same time Senator Riley says there have been some spirited debates among the senators during the session.

The session has seen some very important business transacted, and Senator Riley thinks that the Sunday Observance Act is now in shape to be acceptable in a general way to all classes except perhaps extremists, in either direction.

Hon. Wm. Templeman, he says, has made a splendid impression as the minister of his department. He has been complimented not only by the Liberals, but by the Conservatives for his conduct of the department. There are many matters such as questions affecting the adulteration of foods, which require careful consideration by the minister. Hon. Mr. Templeman has always been ready to receive suggestions from both sides of the House, and has shown an anxiety to meet the views of those interested in a fair way.

He says it is the intention of Hon. Mr. Templeman to pay a visit to Victoria in August if possible.

Dr. Thompson, M. P. of the Yukon, came West with Senator Riley, taking the steamer at Vancouver last evening for the North.

Senator Riley has taken up his residence on Oak Bay avenue in the house vacated by A. McGregor. Miss Balfour, sister of Mrs. Riley, will spend the summer in this city.

VISITING VICTORIA.

H. Savage Lander, of Well Known Literary Family, is Here.

H. Savage Lander and Mrs. Lander, registered from London, England, are in the city, guests at the Driad. Mr. Lander is a member of the family so well known for generations in literature and art. He is the grandson of Walter Savage Lander and the younger brother of A. Henry Savage Lander, the explorer and artist.

Like his brother he has the loving disposition, and spends a great part of his time in travel. But he has not been inclined as his brother to write of his journeys, and his name is consequently not so well known to the world. He is now on his way from the Orient and Mexico, and will by easy stages cross Canada and return to England.

The ladies of the Church of Our Lady are organizing a fund for the purchase of a new altar cloth, and are holding a sale at the residence of Mrs. D. McHarris, corner of Hildesheim and Superior streets, which is kindly lent them for Tuesday next, July 24th. The central situation, the popularity of the hostess and family and the pleasant arrangements which always characterize these gatherings, are likely to make this as successful as similar reunions have been in the past.

Mrs. Elizabeth Sarah Nuttall, widow of Dr. J. H. Nuttall, died at the Victoria Hospital yesterday at the age of 73 years. She leaves four daughters, Mrs. Hopkins, of Kent, Wash., and Misses Nellie, Margaret and Gertrude Nuttall. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon from the family residence, Esplanade street, at 11 a. m. and will be held at St. John's church, at 2 p. m.

Mrs. Elizabeth Sarah Nuttall, widow of Dr. J. H. Nuttall, died at the Victoria Hospital yesterday at the age of 73 years. She leaves four daughters, Mrs. Hopkins, of Kent, Wash., and Misses Nellie, Margaret and Gertrude Nuttall. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon from the family residence, Esplanade street, at 11 a. m. and will be held at St. John's church, at 2 p. m.

INQUIRED INTO CLYDE'S ESCAPE

COMMISSIONERS HELD MEETING YESTERDAY

Broke Jail Twice in One Day.

To ascertain if there had been any carelessness on the part of the police in connection with the escape—twice in one day—of the prisoner George Clyde, or if the city lockup is in a condition for the safe keeping of those incarcerated therein, was the object of a special meeting of the police commissioners held yesterday afternoon in the city hall. His Worship Mayor Morley presided, and there were present Ald. Douglas and William Mable. Before any evidence was taken the commissioners inspected the jail and saw the place where Clyde had effected his escape.

Returning then to the Mayor's office, Chief Langley was asked to explain how the prisoner was able to break jail twice in the one day.

Detective Palmer was then called upon to narrate the story of the arrest of Clyde. The prisoner had been brought to the lockup for safe keeping. He was acting queerly, having delirium tremens, and the detective thought the man was a good subject for the doctor to see. The man was not placed in a cell, but behind the iron door leading to the cell department. At the rear of this there is another iron door leading to the jail yard, and it was through this that Clyde made his escape. There is a scaffolding in the jail yard that had been erected within the last few days at the instigation of the chief. Up this Clyde climbed to a barrack window 12 feet above, through which he passed. He was soon recaptured, and on being taken back to the prison was placed in a cell.

Jailer Sheppard said that he had allowed Clyde to go into the jail yard, thinking that he was sick and needed the air. He never supposed that the prisoner would attempt to climb the scaffolding. It was the rule of all common prisoners, he said, that a man be given fresh air when they are so-called charges entered against him, and he had allowed Clyde into the yard so that the prisoner might place his head on a sack of wet sand that was lying there. He had never received orders to keep the door to the yard locked.

Chief Langley said that it was impossible for him to be about the jail continuously. He had given orders to have the door to the yard kept locked, but to the Mayor he admitted that these instructions had been given only to Mr. Allan, who was the senior jailer. Mr. Sheppard, who succeeded Mr. Sheppard on his duty, told of Clyde having been placed in a cell when he was brought into the jail a second time. Dr. Robertson had given him some medicine and the man appeared to be feeling better. His suspicion had been aroused and he told a trusty to keep an eye on him, thinking he might be contemplating escape. Several times the prisoner asked to go to the lavatory. For the first two or three times he watched him. On the next occasion he was called to the telephone, and while he left the prisoner he asked a trusty to watch Clyde. Mr. Abbott said he was gone but a few minutes when he learned that Clyde had escaped. The prisoner had climbed to the top of the lavatory and finding a weak place in the iron bars overhead, which enclose the passage way in which the lavatory is situated, twisted and made an opening. He then climbed up a water pipe along the brick wall till he found a window. Getting through this he passed through the rear of the city hall, getting into Mr. Eaton's office and descending the stairway at the rear of the council chamber.

Mayor Morley said that he had heard the man while the council was in session. The fleeing prisoner had made a noise like a man falling down the stairway. After Mr. Abbott had completed his evidence the police were asked to re-tire and the commissioners took the facts before them into consideration. They decided that the scaffolding in the yard would have to be removed, and ordered that the building inspector examine the jail premises to see what might be done to strengthen any weak places. The commissioners found it impossible that the aperture through which Clyde made his escape was not much larger than six inches square. The prisoner had taken advantage of a bar that did not enter the brick wall because of the eve pipe which is in the way. Being a boiler maker he was quick to perceive this weakness, though how he managed to get through the small opening was a puzzle to all who have seen the place. Up to the hour of going to press Clyde was still at liberty, but the police are confident that they will arrest him again, possibly some time to-day.

Another matter which engaged the attention of the commissioners for a short time yesterday was the complaint which a Yates street resident lodged against automobilists for travelling at too high a speed down that thoroughfare. Chief Langley pointed out that it might be difficult to enforce the law, but that the police would be made to carry lights like a hack and these close to the ground, it might be possible to detect the machines as they whiz by the vigilant policeman. The resident complaining was assured that something would be done to check the grievance mentioned, and the commissioners then proceeded with the police investigation, with the result as mentioned.

Those interested in the exhibit on the exhibition in the windows of Cross & Co., Boston and Government streets, should show the flesh colored characteristics of cobalt.

Complete change Gorge Park scope this week. Enlarged orchestra.

EFFEL TOWER LEMONADE, 25c.
 PICKLED TONGUES, in Glass, 40c.
 DEVILED HERRINGS, 2 tins for, 25c.
 CROSS & BLACKWELL'S POTTED MEATS, in Glass, 25c.

WATSON & JONES

55 Yates Street. FAMILY GROCERS Telephone 443

BEST VALUE IN TEAS IN THE CITY

KEEP YOUR HORSES SOUND
 By feeding them SWEET CRUSHED OATS. Our Chop Feed is made from FRESH CLEAN GRAIN.

R. BAKER & SON

'Phone No. 1 30 Yates Street



THREE LEADING LINES IN CHEESE

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

DISTRIBUTORS.

POTATOES

\$1.25--Per Sack--\$1.25

E. B. JONES, Cor. Cook & N. Park Sts. 'Phone 712

A WONDER

THE NEW

20th Century Graphophone

LOUD ENOUGH TO FILL THE OPERA HOUSE.
 CAN BE HEARD 2 MILES AWAY IN THE OPEN AIR.
 HEAR IT PLAYED AT

Fletcher Bros

30 GOVERNMENT ST. TEL. 85.

The Work That Requires Hand Ironing

The dainty summer garments of the gentler sex are a specialty of ours during the warmer months. We have ironers for this work who do nothing else, they are experts at it, and it is only reasonable to say that they can launder such garments much nicer than they can be done at home. Our way saves you a whole lot of hot, tiresome work, too.

STANDARD STEAM LAUNDRY

'PHONE 1017. 55 VIEW STREET.

SLAZENGER TENNIS BALLS

We are the Only Firm in the city that have this superior make. Also Wright & Ditson and Regulation Balls always in stock.

M. W. Waitt & Co

44 Government Street.

British American Trust Co., Ltd.

Offers the following advantages to those requiring the services of an Administrator, Executor, Trustee, or Guardian: ABSOLUTE SECURITY, CONTINUOUS SERVICE, SYSTEMATIC MANAGEMENT, COMMAND OF INVESTMENTS, A WIDE EXPERIENCE, REASONABLE CHARGES. Correspondence and personal interviews solicited.

Harold M. Daly, Mgr.

Offices: Cor. Broad & View Sts. VICTORIA, B. C.

Building Lots

FOR SALE
 HOUSES BUILT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.

D. H. Bale,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
 'Phone 1140 Elford Street.

FOR SALE

200 ACRES, CLOSE IN; GOOD LAND, LARGE WATER FRONT, LOTS NEAR OAK BAY JUNCTION, ONLY \$500. SEE OUR LIST FOR ALL CLASSES OF CITY PROPERTY.

H. H. JONES & Co.

REAL ESTATE, MINES, TIMBER, BROKERAGE & INSURANCE. FROM BLOCK.

'Phone 114. 46 Government St.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS

RATES for insertion in THE TIMES: All Classifications except Births, Marriages and Deaths 1 cent per word per day; six insertions for the price of four: no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. TIME RATES ON APPLICATION.

WANTED-MALE HELP.

WANTED—Two strong boys as apprentices. Victoria Machinery Depot Co.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON may earn a good income at home in spare time corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED—Messenger boys. Apply C. F. R. Telegraph Co.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

WANTED-FEMALE HELP.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON may earn a good income at home in spare time corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED—Girl to assist with two children and light housework; good home and situation; "right" person. Apply, stating wages, P.O. Box 560, Vancouver.

WANTED—An experienced waitress, at Dominion Hotel.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

WANTED-TEACHERS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—School teacher for Denman Island; music, preferred; salary, \$7 per month. Apply William Baile, secretary Board of School Trustees, Denman Island, B. C.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—To rent, a piano, in good condition; easy terms. Apply Alamo, this office.

WANTED—Milk supplied in bulk in Victoria; state quantity and price. Box 134, this office.

WANTED—Private board, at seaside near Victoria; for small family, during summer. Particulars at Times Office.

WE PAY CASH for all kinds of junk, copper, brass, rubber, bottles, old clothes, etc. Apply to J. H. Smith, 1000 Douglas Street, between 10th and 11th.

WANTED—For few weeks in holidays, horse and two-seated buggy. Address Box 2, Times Office.

WANTED—Good prices will be paid for HOUSE RAGS of any kind, also old copper, brass, zinc, lead, cast iron, etc. Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store Street.

FOR SALE—Graphophone, 21 records, \$12. H. C. silver watch, \$10. Field glass, \$5.25. Long summer dress, \$1.50. Doctor's bag, \$2.50. Suits, \$1.50. G. P. double chairs, \$2.50. Jacob, silver and gold, \$1.50. Old hand store, 61 Johnson Street, two doors below Government.

WANTED—All kinds of bicycle repair work; all work guaranteed. J. T. Brader, 75 Douglas Street, between 10th and 11th. Give on all plumbing and heating work.

SUNLIGHT SOAP COUPONS WANTED—Toilet soaps given in exchange for these coupons by C. R. King & Son, 10 Wharf Street, Victoria.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

NEW ALPINE SAFE FOR SALE—Cheap. Apply P. H. Box 134, 413.

FOR SALE—Cheap shooting gallery, organ and guns; also cooking stove, furniture, etc. At the Old Curiosity Shop, cor. Blanchard and Fort streets.

FOR SALE—An English setter dog, pup, little more than 4 months old. Apply F. Ricketts, Constance Avenue, Esquimalt.

FOR SALE—At The Ark, cor. Broad and Pandora: Express wagon, 2 seats, \$20. Road cart, \$12; buggies, \$15; lot of furniture, lawn mowers, etc., at auction prices.

FOR SALE—Two lots running from Race Street to Churchill, easy terms. Apply Perry Smith, city.

FOR SALE—\$47.50 new office typewriter. Address J. K. this office.

FOR SALE—Outrigger boat, in good condition, cheap. Apply Postmaster, Esquimalt Cove.

FOR SALE—Store business, groceries, hardware, school supplies, candies, etc. (great office appointment expected daily), opposite eight roomed school, rapidly growing district, new and expected; no canvassing; no bad debts; will take comfortable cottage in Victoria as part payment. Write quick. Store, 220 4th Avenue, Fairview, Vancouver.

FOR SALE—One black horse, five years old, sixteen hands high, very gentle, one bay horse, six years, and one grey horse, six years, well broke; also buggies, carriages and wagons, and harness. Apply L. J. Fisher, Carriage Shop, Store Street.

ENGINE FOR SALE—To horse power. Can be seen in operation at the Times Building, 23 Broad Street, running time machinery.

FOR SALE—Cheap, flags for decorating, fire extinguishers, furniture and stores. Old Curiosity Shop, cor. Fort and Blanchard streets.

FOR SALE—Naphtha launch, Blanche, of the following dimensions: Length, 25 ft., beam, 8 ft. 3 in.; depth, 2 ft. 6 in.; in first-class condition. For particulars apply to E. R. Marvin & Co., 4 Wharf Street.

A Serious Question.

A persistent bad cold will run into consumption if not relieved in time. So it is with the little daily wants of the people—they grow serious if not promptly filled. You can afford, for instance, to have that house tenantless for a little while, but when it continues rentless month after month it becomes a serious matter. The timely "want" ad. ends the trouble.

Why Not Try?

There's no use getting mad if that For Sale sign you stuck on the front of your vacant house has not brought you a tenant or purchaser. Your sign has been read and re-read by practically the same people, who pass by it every day and who are too intent on other things to stop and look over the property. Now, if you would advertise in the real estate columns of the Times it would come before the eyes of all the people looking for real estate. This is because they are accustomed to have the Times tell them what property in Victoria may be had.

An Advertisement in the Times Will Give Returns

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LET—Furnished room, with breakfast. Apply 117 Cook Street, near Fort.

TO LET—Furnished and unfurnished cottages, 5 and 6. Apply Flint & Co., Trowce Avenue.

LARGE, COOL, AIRY ROOMS for housekeeping, in Douglas House, Elliott Street, half a block from Parliament buildings and one block from C. P. R. wharves.

TO LET—Furnished and unfurnished cottages, 5 and 6. Apply 141 Yates St.

TO LET—Large furnished bedroom, on car track. Apply 113 Superior Street.

TO RENT—5 roomed house, partly furnished. Apply to J. H. Smith, 1000 Douglas Street, between 10th and 11th.

TO LET—Well furnished house, modern in every respect, on car line. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—Irish setter dog, Finder return to J. B. Burnier, 140 Pembroke Street. At your found harbor name will be prosecuted.

LOST—Young white English setter dog. Finder will please return to 148 Humboldt Street, and receive reward.

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

CLIMB AS HIGH as you can. Find your opportunity in the want ad columns of THE TIMES.

LODGES.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD—Victoria Camp, No. 52, Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World, meets in A. O. U. W. Hall, Yates Street, 1st and 2nd Fridays in the month. Wm. Jackson, clerk.

K. O. P. No. 1, Far West Lodge, Friday, K. of P. Hall, cor. Douglas and Pandora. Sts. H. Weber, K. of R. & S. Box 54.

A. O. U. W. COURT NORTHERN LIGHT. No. 300, meets at K. of P. Hall, 1st and 2nd Wednesdays. W. F. Fullerton, Secy.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows' Hall, Douglas Street. R. W. Fawcett, Rec. Secy, 21 South Government Street.

VICTORIA LODGE, No. 2, A. O. U. W. meets every second and fourth Wednesdays in month at C. O. U. W. Hall, Members of Order visiting the city cordially invited to attend. R. Noble M. W.

COURT CARNOG, No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets in K. of P. Hall, corner Pandora and Douglas streets, on the 2nd Tuesday and 4th Monday of every month, at 8 p. m. For information figure of C. R. Denville, Fin. Secy., at Melrose Co's, Fort Street.

COURT VANCOUVER, 575, A. O. U. W. meets first and third Mondays in K. of P. Hall, cor. Douglas and Pandora streets. S. Wilson, Secy., Michigan Street, James Bay. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

NATIVE SONS—Post No. 1, meets K. of P. Hall, 1st Tues. of each month. A. E. D. Secy., 1011 Commercial Bldg.

TEACHERS WANTED.

Applications for positions on the teaching staff of the Municipality of Saanich will be received by the undersigned until Thursday, the 19th inst. William Campbell, Mayor, at School Trustees, Royal Oak P. O.

Use THE HUB Phone

Local and Long Distance.

HEADQUARTERS FOR ATHLETIC SPORTS.

Good Imported, Domestic and Local Cigars and Tobacco.

BYRNE BROS.,

Cor. Government and Trowce Aves. PHONE 11.

Take Them In.

A good many strangers come into this city every day who do not stop at hotels, and they read the "Boarders Wanted" ads. with a pretty strong personal and urgent interest.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ART STUDIO.

MISS MILLIS, Art Mistress, H. C. A. London. Lessons in drawing, painting and design. Studio, 5 Canadian Bank of Commerce, Government Street.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR.

THOMAS CATERALL—16 Broad Street. Building in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 83.

BABY CARRIAGE TIRES.

BABY CARRIAGE TIRES—Harris & Moore, 12 Broad Street, the latest appliance for re-tiring baby carriage wheels.

BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING.

NO MATTER where you bought your shoes, bring them here to be repaired. Hibbs, 3 Oriental Ave., opposite old Grand Theatre.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR.

MCCARTER & DRYSDALE, builders and contractors. Houses built on installment plan. 41 First Street. Phone A102.

F. LEWIS, 34 Fort Street, carpenter. Also at your home, office or store skillfully and promptly.

CHAS. A. MCGREGOR, 30 Yates Street. Jobbing trade a specialty. Twenty years' experience. Orders promptly filled.

DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

THE VERDICT—Fawcett's Ice Cream Soda is the best in town. Try it. W. Fawcett, King's Road and Douglas Street. Phone 30.

COFFEE AND SPICES.

VICTORIA COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS, Office and mills, 10 Government St. A. J. Morley, proprietor.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective flues fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 22 Quadra Street. Phone 100.

CHIMNEY CLEANING.

CHIMNEY CLEANING, house cleaning and all kinds of painting. Call or drop a card to A. Lloyd, 61 Pandora Street. Best of references.

CHINESE GOODS.

CANTON BAZAAR, 106 Government St. Just arrived from China, exquisite embroidered and drawn work, table covers and collies; also linen and silk embroidered goods, Chinese are crackers, etc.

DENTISTS.

DR. LEWIS HALL, Dental Surgeon, Jewell Block, 308 Yates and Douglas Streets, Victoria. B. C. Telephone—Office, 167; Residence, 122.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

VICTORIA DYE WORKS, 118 Yates Street. Dyeing and cleaning; modern plant, satisfaction guaranteed. Tel. 141.

B. C. STEAM DYEWORKS.

Dyeing and cleaning establishment, largest of the province. Country orders solicited. Phone 200. Hearn & Renfrew.

ENGRAVING.

GEORGE CROWTHER, engraver and wood cutter, 12 Wharf Street, opposite Post Office.

BOARDS OF TRADE, Tourist Associations, etc.

Boards of Trade, Tourist Associations, etc., should consult us when preparing guide books, advertising literature, and all kinds of illustrated cards. We group photos artistically and guarantee best results. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 24 Broad Street.

EDUCATIONAL.

IF YOU WANT thorough instruction in shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, take a course at The Shorthand School, Broad Street, Victoria. B. C. E. C. Macmillan, principal.

FANCY GOODS.

BEST JAPANESE PORCELAIN and fancy goods at Kawai Bros. Co., Douglas Street.

FLOWERS.

NEW SWEEP PANS are now coming out. We can show you Gladys Unwin, Evelyn Eyal, John Sugman, Doris Broadmore, Henry Eckford, Sybil Eckford, Beeson, and many others. Flower's Greenhouse, Park Road.

FURRIER.

PERD. FOSTER, taxidermist and furrier, 61 Johnson Street.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date of application, the following described lands and interests therein are being offered for sale by public auction by the Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

Notice is hereby given that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described foreclosed and tidal lands and territorial water rights for fishing purposes: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the shore of Barry Bay, opposite Section five (5), Metcoun District, thence running east one-half a mile and extending east to deep water.

REAL ESTATE DIRECTORY

SWINERTON & ODDY.

102 GOVERNMENT STREET.

ROOMED, DWELLING—Yates Street, corner of water and electric light, \$1,800; half cash, balance at 4 per cent. Rent for \$15; would pay good interest on investment.

CHEAP—2 houses and 4 lots, near Beacon Hill, \$2,000.

JUST COMPLETED—9 roomed dwelling, in splendid location, all modern conveniences, lot 58x125, concrete fence and walk, only \$2,600.

20 ACRES TO LEASE—Nearly all cleared. South Saanich, orchard, 1500 per year.

SEAVIEW—Splendid building sites, just off Hillside Ave., \$10 to \$20 per lot.

ACRE BLOCKS—On Saanich road, near terminus of proposed extension of tram line, cultivated, suitable for fruit, \$200 per acre.

24 ACRES—Oder Hill road, all cleared and cultivated. Will sell in 5 acre blocks, \$500 per acre.

5 AND 10 ACRE BLOCKS—Close to city.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.

On improved real estate security, at current rates of interest.

INSURE in the Connecticut Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn.

P. R. BROWN CO., Ltd.

30 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents.

Call for a List of Our One Hundred and Fifty Dwellings for Sale.

